Resource Summary Report

Generated by FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org on Apr 26, 2025

GFP-UBR5

RRID:Addgene_52050 Type: Plasmid

Proper Citation

RRID:Addgene_52050

Plasmid Information

URL: http://www.addgene.org/52050

Proper Citation: RRID:Addgene_52050

Insert Name: UBR5

Organism: Homo sapiens

Bacterial Resistance: Ampicillin

Defining Citation: PMID:22884692

Vector Backbone Description: Backbone Marker:Invitrogen; Backbone Size:5887; Vector Backbone:pcDNA 6.2 N-EmGFP-DEST-V5; Vector Types:Mammalian Expression; Bacterial Resistance:Ampicillin

Comments: Plasmid encodes a C-terminal V5 fusion, however this is not included as UBR5 cDNA insert contains 3' STOP codon. Addgene NGS results identified a K503R mutation within the UBR5 translation. There is no information on the functional consequence of this mutation

Plasmid Name: GFP-UBR5

Record Creation Time: 20220422T222305+0000

Record Last Update: 20240905T081257+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for GFP-UBR5.

No alerts have been found for GFP-UBR5.

Data and Source Information

Source: Addgene

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org.

Wen P, et al. (2024) Hyd/UBR5 defines a tumor suppressor pathway that links Polycomb repressive complex to regulated protein degradation in tissue growth control and tumorigenesis. Genes & development, 38(13-14), 675.

Hehl LA, et al. (2023) Structural snapshots along K48-linked ubiquitin chain formation by the HECT E3 UBR5. Nature chemical biology.