Resource Summary Report

Generated by FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org on Apr 4, 2025

Anti-Substance P Receptor

RRID:AB_992894
Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(Millipore Cat# AB15810, RRID:AB_992894)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_992894

Proper Citation: (Millipore Cat# AB15810, RRID:AB_992894)

Target Antigen: Substance P Receptor

Host Organism: guinea pig

Clonality: polyclonal

Comments: Applications: IHC, WB
Consolidation on 4/2023: AB_11213393.

Antibody Name: Anti-Substance P Receptor

Description: This polyclonal targets Substance P Receptor

Target Organism: rat, mouse, human

Antibody ID: AB_992894

Vendor: Millipore

Catalog Number: AB15810

Record Creation Time: 20231110T055709+0000

Record Last Update: 20241115T090504+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Anti-Substance P Receptor.

No alerts have been found for Anti-Substance P Receptor.

Data and Source Information

Source: Antibody Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org.

Hocker AD, et al. (2019) One bout of neonatal inflammation impairs adult respiratory motor plasticity in male and female rats. eLife, 8.

Morinaga R, et al. (2019) Serotonergic projections to the ventral respiratory column from raphe nuclei in rats. Neuroscience research, 143, 20.

Bou Farah L, et al. (2016) Somatostatin in the rat rostral ventrolateral medulla: Origins and mechanism of action. The Journal of comparative neurology, 524(2), 323.

Le S, et al. (2016) Somatostatin 2a receptors are not expressed on functionally identified respiratory neurons in the ventral respiratory column of the rat. The Journal of comparative neurology, 524(7), 1384.

Javdani F, et al. (2015) Differential expression patterns of K(+) /Cl(-) cotransporter 2 in neurons within the superficial spinal dorsal horn of rats. The Journal of comparative neurology, 523(13), 1967.

Spirovski D, et al. (2012) Brainstem galanin-synthesizing neurons are differentially activated by chemoreceptor stimuli and represent a subpopulation of respiratory neurons. The Journal of comparative neurology, 520(1), 154.