Resource Summary Report

Generated by FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org on May 2, 2025

Mouse Anti-PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) Monoclonal antibody, Unconjugated, Clone 19f4

RRID:AB_95029 Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(Millipore Cat# MAB4076, RRID:AB 95029)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_95029

Proper Citation: (Millipore Cat# MAB4076, RRID:AB_95029)

Target Antigen: PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen)

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: seller recommendations: Immunocytochemistry; Immunohistochemistry;

Immunofluorescence, Immunocytochemistry

Antibody Name: Mouse Anti-PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) Monoclonal

antibody, Unconjugated, Clone 19f4

Description: This monoclonal targets PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen)

Target Organism: other, mouse, green plants, fish, human

Clone ID: Clone 19F4

Antibody ID: AB_95029

Vendor: Millipore

Catalog Number: MAB4076

Record Creation Time: 20231110T042357+0000

Record Last Update: 20241115T031040+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Mouse Anti-PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) Monoclonal antibody, Unconjugated, Clone 19f4.

No alerts have been found for Mouse Anti-PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) Monoclonal antibody, Unconjugated, Clone 19f4.

Data and Source Information

Source: Antibody Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org.

Ohgomori T, et al. (2021) Signal Transducer and Activator of Transcription 3 Activation in Hippocampal Neural Stem Cells and Cognitive Deficits in Mice Following Short-term Cuprizone Exposure. Neuroscience, 472, 90.

Nelson BR, et al. (2020) Intermediate progenitors support migration of neural stem cells into dentate gyrus outer neurogenic niches. eLife, 9.

Yamada J, et al. (2018) Increased Synthesis of Chondroitin Sulfate Proteoglycan Promotes Adult Hippocampal Neurogenesis in Response to Enriched Environment. The Journal of neuroscience: the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience, 38(39), 8496.