

Resource Summary Report

Generated by FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org on Apr 13, 2025

Alexa Fluor(R) 700 anti-mouse CD4

RRID:AB_493698

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(BioLegend Cat# 100429, RRID:AB_493698)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_493698

Proper Citation: (BioLegend Cat# 100429, RRID:AB_493698)

Target Antigen: CD4

Host Organism: rat

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: FC

Antibody Name: Alexa Fluor(R) 700 anti-mouse CD4

Description: This monoclonal targets CD4

Target Organism: mouse

Clone ID: Clone GK1.5

Antibody ID: AB_493698

Vendor: BioLegend

Catalog Number: 100429

Alternative Catalog Numbers: 100430

Record Creation Time: 20231110T044338+0000

Record Last Update: 20241115T022426+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Alexa Fluor(R) 700 anti-mouse CD4.

No alerts have been found for Alexa Fluor(R) 700 anti-mouse CD4.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 17 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org](#).

Liu J, et al. (2024) QDPR deficiency drives immune suppression in pancreatic cancer. *Cell metabolism*, 36(5), 984.

Poscablo DM, et al. (2024) An age-progressive platelet differentiation path from hematopoietic stem cells causes exacerbated thrombosis. *Cell*, 187(12), 3090.

Kim CY, et al. (2024) Protocol for inducing monomicrobial sepsis in mice with uropathogenic *E. coli*. *STAR protocols*, 5(3), 103206.

Yang Y, et al. (2024) Ultrasound-visible engineered bacteria for tumor chemo-immunotherapy. *Cell reports. Medicine*, 5(5), 101512.

Diny NL, et al. (2023) Hypereosinophilia causes progressive cardiac pathologies in mice. *iScience*, 26(10), 107990.

Briukhovetska D, et al. (2023) T cell-derived interleukin-22 drives the expression of CD155 by cancer cells to suppress NK cell function and promote metastasis. *Immunity*, 56(1), 143.

Denk D, et al. (2022) Expansion of T memory stem cells with superior anti-tumor immunity by Urolithin A-induced mitophagy. *Immunity*, 55(11), 2059.

Gawish R, et al. (2022) ACE2 is the critical in vivo receptor for SARS-CoV-2 in a novel COVID-19 mouse model with TNF- and IFN?-driven immunopathology. *eLife*, 11.

Mirlekar B, et al. (2022) Balance between immunoregulatory B cells and plasma cells drives pancreatic tumor immunity. *Cell reports. Medicine*, 3(9), 100744.

Ma C, et al. (2022) Platelets control liver tumor growth through P2Y12-dependent CD40L release in NAFLD. *Cancer cell*, 40(9), 986.

Georgiadou A, et al. (2022) Comparative transcriptomic analysis reveals translationally

relevant processes in mouse models of malaria. *eLife*, 11.

Yuan Y, et al. (2022) A bivalent nanoparticle vaccine exhibits potent cross-protection against the variants of SARS-CoV-2. *Cell reports*, 38(3), 110256.

Edmunds GL, et al. (2022) Adenosine 2A receptor and TIM3 suppress cytolytic killing of tumor cells via cytoskeletal polarization. *Communications biology*, 5(1), 9.

Murray MP, et al. (2022) Stimulation of a subset of natural killer T cells by CD103+ DC is required for GM-CSF and protection from pneumococcal infection. *Cell reports*, 38(2), 110209.

Blanas A, et al. (2022) Vaccination with a bacterial peptide conjugated to SARS-CoV-2 receptor-binding domain accelerates immunity and protects against COVID-19. *iScience*, 25(8), 104719.

Bharath LP, et al. (2020) Metformin Enhances Autophagy and Normalizes Mitochondrial Function to Alleviate Aging-Associated Inflammation. *Cell metabolism*, 32(1), 44.

Ma X, et al. (2020) Nanoparticle Vaccines Based on the Receptor Binding Domain (RBD) and Heptad Repeat (HR) of SARS-CoV-2 Elicit Robust Protective Immune Responses. *Immunity*, 53(6), 1315.