

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org](https://fdi-lab.sci-crunch.org) on May 19, 2025

CD14

RRID:AB_2744289

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(BD Biosciences Cat# 563743, RRID:AB_2744289)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2744289

Proper Citation: (BD Biosciences Cat# 563743, RRID:AB_2744289)

Target Antigen: CD14

Host Organism: mouse

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: Flow cytometry

Antibody Name: CD14

Description: This monoclonal targets CD14

Target Organism: human

Clone ID: M?P9 (also known as M?P-9)

Antibody ID: AB_2744289

Vendor: BD Biosciences

Catalog Number: 563743

Alternative Catalog Numbers: 563744

Record Creation Time: 20231110T033443+0000

Record Last Update: 20240725T031952+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for CD14.

No alerts have been found for CD14.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org](#).

Deng C, et al. (2024) Extracellular-vesicle-packaged S100A11 from osteosarcoma cells mediates lung premetastatic niche formation by recruiting gMDSCs. *Cell reports*, 43(2), 113751.

Vietzen H, et al. (2023) Ineffective control of Epstein-Barr-virus-induced autoimmunity increases the risk for multiple sclerosis. *Cell*, 186(26), 5705.

Charvet B, et al. (2023) SARS-CoV-2 awakens ancient retroviral genes and the expression of proinflammatory HERV-W envelope protein in COVID-19 patients. *iScience*, 26(5), 106604.

Souza-Moreira L, et al. (2022) Poly(I:C) enhances mesenchymal stem cell control of myeloid cells from COVID-19 patients. *iScience*, 25(5), 104188.

Illyikh PA, et al. (2020) Non-neutralizing Antibodies from a Marburg Infection Survivor Mediate Protection by Fc-Effector Functions and by Enhancing Efficacy of Other Antibodies. *Cell host & microbe*, 27(6), 976.

Erra Díaz F, et al. (2020) Extracellular Acidosis and mTOR Inhibition Drive the Differentiation of Human Monocyte-Derived Dendritic Cells. *Cell reports*, 31(5), 107613.