Resource Summary Report

Generated by FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org on Apr 10, 2025

Anti-mCherry antibody

RRID:AB_2722769
Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(Abcam Cat# ab205402, RRID:AB_2722769)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2722769

Proper Citation: (Abcam Cat# ab205402, RRID:AB_2722769)

Target Antigen: mCherry

Host Organism: chicken

Clonality: polyclonal

Comments: Suitable for: WB, ICC/IF

Antibody Name: Anti-mCherry antibody

Description: This polyclonal targets mCherry

Antibody ID: AB_2722769

Vendor: Abcam

Catalog Number: ab205402

Record Creation Time: 20231110T033719+0000

Record Last Update: 20240725T064728+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Anti-mCherry antibody.

No alerts have been found for Anti-mCherry antibody.

Data and Source Information

Source: Antibody Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 55 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org.

Lee JH, et al. (2024) TGF-? and RAS jointly unmask primed enhancers to drive metastasis. Cell, 187(22), 6182.

Sawyer IL, et al. (2024) Chemogenetic Activation of RFRP Neurons Reduces LH Pulse Frequency in Female but not Male Mice. Journal of the Endocrine Society, 8(11), bvae159.

Contreras E, et al. (2024) Flp-recombinase mouse line for genetic manipulation of ipRGCs. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Sun Z, et al. (2024) Harnessing developmental dynamics of spinal cord extracellular matrix improves regenerative potential of spinal cord organoids. Cell stem cell, 31(5), 772.

Rademacher K, et al. (2024) Chronic hyperactivation of midbrain dopamine neurons causes preferential dopamine neuron degeneration. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Kreifeldt M, et al. (2024) Mouse parasubthalamic Crh neurons drive alcohol drinking escalation and behavioral disinhibition. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Tudorica DA, et al. (2024) A RAB7A phosphoswitch coordinates Rubicon Homology protein regulation of Parkin-dependent mitophagy. The Journal of cell biology, 223(7).

Huang W, et al. (2024) Deciphering the role of brainstem glycinergic neurons during startle and prepulse inhibition. Brain research, 1836, 148938.

Wei KH, et al. (2023) Comparative single-cell profiling reveals distinct cardiac resident macrophages essential for zebrafish heart regeneration. eLife, 12.

Hasan M, et al. (2023) Chemogenetic activation of astrocytes promotes remyelination and restores cognitive deficits in visceral hypersensitive rats. iScience, 26(1), 105840.

Ruddenklau A, et al. (2023) Validation of a new Custom Polyclonal Progesterone Receptor Antibody for Immunohistochemistry in the Female Mouse Brain. Journal of the Endocrine Society, 7(10), bvad113.

Boyle KA, et al. (2023) Neuropeptide Y-expressing dorsal horn inhibitory interneurons gate

spinal pain and itch signalling. eLife, 12.

Gallagher ER, et al. (2023) The selective autophagy adaptor p62/SQSTM1 forms phase condensates regulated by HSP27 that facilitate the clearance of damaged lysosomes via lysophagy. Cell reports, 42(2), 112037.

Miguel-Quesada C, et al. (2023) Astrocytes adjust the dynamic range of cortical network activity to control modality-specific sensory information processing. Cell reports, 42(8), 112950.

Kahan A, et al. (2023) Immediate responses to ambient light in vivo reveal distinct subpopulations of suprachiasmatic VIP neurons. iScience, 26(10), 107865.

Quillet R, et al. (2023) Synaptic circuits involving gastrin-releasing peptide receptor-expressing neurons in the dorsal horn of the mouse spinal cord. Frontiers in molecular neuroscience, 16, 1294994.

Louros SR, et al. (2023) Excessive proteostasis contributes to pathology in fragile X syndrome. Neuron, 111(4), 508.

Ruyle BC, et al. (2023) Paraventricular nucleus projections to the nucleus tractus solitarii are essential for full expression of hypoxia-induced peripheral chemoreflex responses. The Journal of physiology, 601(19), 4309.

Berry MH, et al. (2023) A melanopsin ganglion cell subtype forms a dorsal retinal mosaic projecting to the supraoptic nucleus. Nature communications, 14(1), 1492.

Pratelli M, et al. (2023) Drug-induced change in transmitter identity is a shared mechanism generating cognitive deficits. Research square.