Resource Summary Report

Generated by FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org on Apr 16, 2025

InVivoMab anti-mouse/rat/rabbit TNF?

RRID:AB_2687725
Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(Bio X Cell Cat# BE0244, RRID:AB_2687725)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2687725

Proper Citation: (Bio X Cell Cat# BE0244, RRID:AB_2687725)

Target Antigen: TNF?

Host Organism: armenian hamster

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: in vivo TNF? neutralization, Flow cytometry

Antibody Name: InVivoMab anti-mouse/rat/rabbit TNF?

Description: This monoclonal targets TNF?

Target Organism: rat, mouse, rabbit

Clone ID: clone TN3-19.12

Antibody ID: AB_2687725

Vendor: Bio X Cell

Catalog Number: BE0244

Alternative Catalog Numbers: BE0244-100MG, BE0244-25MG, BE0244-5MG, BE0244-50MG, BE0244-1MG

Record Creation Time: 20231110T034041+0000

Record Last Update: 20240725T061742+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for InVivoMab anti-mouse/rat/rabbit TNF?.

No alerts have been found for InVivoMab anti-mouse/rat/rabbit TNF?.

Data and Source Information

Source: Antibody Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 5 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org.

Lynch JP, et al. (2023) Engineered Escherichia coli for the in situ secretion of therapeutic nanobodies in the gut. Cell host & microbe, 31(4), 634.

Earley ZM, et al. (2023) GATA4 controls regionalization of tissue immunity and commensal-driven immunopathology. Immunity, 56(1), 43.

Kong X, et al. (2023) HIF-1? inhibition in macrophages preserves acute liver failure by reducing IL-1? production. FASEB journal : official publication of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology, 37(9), e23140.

Xu W, et al. (2021) Early innate and adaptive immune perturbations determine long-term severity of chronic virus and Mycobacterium tuberculosis coinfection. Immunity, 54(3), 526.

He Z, et al. (2021) Food colorants metabolized by commensal bacteria promote colitis in mice with dysregulated expression of interleukin-23. Cell metabolism, 33(7), 1358.