Resource Summary Report

Generated by FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org on Apr 15, 2025

Golgi microtubule-associated protein antibody -Munro, S.; MRC Laboratory of Molecular Biology

RRID:AB_2618259 Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(DSHB Cat# GMAP, RRID:AB_2618259)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2618259

Proper Citation: (DSHB Cat# GMAP, RRID:AB_2618259)

Target Antigen: Golgi microtubule-associated protein

Host Organism: goat

Clonality: unknown

Comments: Application(s): Immunofluorescence,Immunohistochemistry,Immunoprecipitation,Western Blot; Date Deposited: 05/26/2016

Antibody Name: Golgi microtubule-associated protein antibody - Munro, S.; MRC Laboratory of Molecular Biology

Description: This unknown targets Golgi microtubule-associated protein

Target Organism: drosophila

Antibody ID: AB_2618259

Vendor: DSHB

Catalog Number: GMAP

Record Creation Time: 20231110T034909+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Golgi microtubule-associated protein antibody - Munro, S.; MRC Laboratory of Molecular Biology.

No alerts have been found for Golgi microtubule-associated protein antibody - Munro, S.; MRC Laboratory of Molecular Biology.

Data and Source Information

Source: Antibody Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org.

Wagner K, et al. (2022) Phospholipase D and retromer promote recycling of TRPL ion channel via the endoplasmic reticulum. Traffic (Copenhagen, Denmark), 23(1), 42.

Park SY, et al. (2022) In vivo characterization of Drosophila golgins reveals redundancy and plasticity of vesicle capture at the Golgi apparatus. Current biology : CB, 32(21), 4549.

Rahman A, et al. (2022) GMAP is an Atg8a-interacting protein that regulates Golgi turnover in Drosophila. Cell reports, 39(9), 110903.

Yang K, et al. (2021) ER exit sites in Drosophila display abundant ER-Golgi vesicles and pearled tubes but no megacarriers. Cell reports, 36(11), 109707.

Imler E, et al. (2019) A Drosophila model of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis CLN4 reveals a hypermorphic gain of function mechanism. eLife, 8.

Valoskova K, et al. (2019) A conserved major facilitator superfamily member orchestrates a subset of O-glycosylation to aid macrophage tissue invasion. eLife, 8.