

Resource Summary Report

Generated by FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org on Apr 8, 2025

PE/Dazzle(TM) 594 anti-human CD294 (CRTH2)

RRID:AB_2572053

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(BioLegend Cat# 350126, RRID:AB_2572053)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2572053

Proper Citation: (BioLegend Cat# 350126, RRID:AB_2572053)

Target Antigen: CD294

Host Organism: rat

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: FC

Antibody Name: PE/Dazzle(TM) 594 anti-human CD294 (CRTH2)

Description: This monoclonal targets CD294

Target Organism: human

Clone ID: Clone BM16

Antibody ID: AB_2572053

Vendor: BioLegend

Catalog Number: 350126

Alternative Catalog Numbers: 350125

Record Creation Time: 20231110T035121+0000

Record Last Update: 20240725T030219+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for PE/Dazzle(TM) 594 anti-human CD294 (CRTH2).

No alerts have been found for PE/Dazzle(TM) 594 anti-human CD294 (CRTH2).

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 5 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org](#).

Reid KT, et al. (2024) Cell therapy with human IL-10-producing ILC2s limits xenogeneic graft-versus-host disease by inhibiting pathogenic T cell responses. *Cell reports*, 44(1), 115102.

Sun J, et al. (2024) Metabolic regulator LKB1 controls adipose tissue ILC2 PD-1 expression and mitochondrial homeostasis to prevent insulin resistance. *Immunity*, 57(6), 1289.

Golebski K, et al. (2021) Induction of IL-10-producing type 2 innate lymphoid cells by allergen immunotherapy is associated with clinical response. *Immunity*, 54(2), 291.

Bergamaschi L, et al. (2021) Longitudinal analysis reveals that delayed bystander CD8+ T cell activation and early immune pathology distinguish severe COVID-19 from mild disease. *Immunity*, 54(6), 1257.

Bennstein SB, et al. (2020) Umbilical cord blood-derived ILC1-like cells constitute a novel precursor for mature KIR+NKG2A- NK cells. *eLife*, 9.