

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org](https://www.fdi-lab.com) on May 13, 2025

GFP Polyclonal Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ 647

RRID:AB_162553

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# A-31852, RRID:AB_162553)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_162553

Proper Citation: (Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# A-31852, RRID:AB_162553)

Target Antigen: GFP

Host Organism: rabbit

Clonality: polyclonal

Comments: Applications: IHC (Assay-dependent), ELISA (Assay-dependent), ICC/IF (1-10 µg/mL), WB (1:2,000)

Antibody Name: GFP Polyclonal Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ 647

Description: This polyclonal targets GFP

Target Organism: tag

Defining Citation: [PMID:26689426](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26689426/), [PMID:16567501](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/16567501/), [PMID:21320125](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/21320125/), [PMID:24501347](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/24501347/), [PMID:18499725](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/18499725/), [PMID:27007845](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27007845/)

Antibody ID: AB_162553

Vendor: Thermo Fisher Scientific

Catalog Number: A-31852

Record Creation Time: 20250416T092133+0000

Record Last Update: 20250416T095221+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for GFP Polyclonal Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ 647.

Warning: Discontinued at Molecular Probes

Applications: IHC (Assay-dependent), ELISA (Assay-dependent), ICC/IF (1-10 µg/mL), WB (1:2,000)

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 15 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org](#).

Lu X, et al. (2023) Preserving extracellular space for high-quality optical and ultrastructural studies of whole mammalian brains. *Cell reports methods*, 3(7), 100520.

Wang L, et al. (2023) SAYSD1 senses UFMylated ribosome to safeguard co-translational protein translocation at the endoplasmic reticulum. *Cell reports*, 42(1), 112028.

Zheng W, et al. (2023) TMEM63 proteins function as monomeric high-threshold mechanosensitive ion channels. *Neuron*, 111(20), 3195.

Yan R, et al. (2022) SURF4-induced tubular ERGIC selectively expedites ER-to-Golgi transport. *Developmental cell*, 57(4), 512.

Bourke AM, et al. (2022) Spatial and Temporal Control of Protein Secretion with Light. *Methods in molecular biology (Clifton, N.J.)*, 2473, 29.

Sylwestrak EL, et al. (2022) Cell-type-specific population dynamics of diverse reward computations. *Cell*, 185(19), 3568.

Bourke AM, et al. (2021) zapERtrap: A light-regulated ER release system reveals unexpected neuronal trafficking pathways. *The Journal of cell biology*, 220(9).

Zhao S, et al. (2020) Cellular and Molecular Probing of Intact Human Organs. *Cell*, 180(4), 796.

Lucken-Ardjomande Häslér S, et al. (2020) GRAF2, WDR44, and MICAL1 mediate Rab8/10/11-dependent export of E-cadherin, MMP14, and CFTR ?F508. *The Journal of cell biology*, 219(5).

Whitman MC, et al. (2018) Loss of CXCR4/CXCL12 Signaling Causes Oculomotor Nerve Misrouting and Development of Motor Trigeminal to Oculomotor Synkinesis. *Investigative ophthalmology & visual science*, 59(12), 5201.

Fan L, et al. (2018) Alpha protocadherins and Pyk2 kinase regulate cortical neuron migration and cytoskeletal dynamics via Rac1 GTPase and WAVE complex in mice. *eLife*, 7.

Guo Y, et al. (2018) Corticosterone Signaling and a Lateral Habenula-Ventral Tegmental Area Circuit Modulate Compulsive Self-Injurious Behavior in a Rat Model. *The Journal of neuroscience : the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience*, 38(23), 5251.

Vivas O, et al. (2017) Proximal clustering between BK and CaV1.3 channels promotes functional coupling and BK channel activation at low voltage. *eLife*, 6.

Ahmadi M, et al. (2016) AMPK acts as a molecular trigger to coordinate glutamatergic signals and adaptive behaviours during acute starvation. *eLife*, 5.

Teng KW, et al. (2016) Labeling proteins inside living cells using external fluorophores for microscopy. *eLife*, 5.