Resource Summary Report

Generated by FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org on Apr 13, 2025

Anti-?-Tubulin Antibody, clone DM1A

RRID:AB_11204167
Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(Sigma-Aldrich Cat# MABT205, RRID:AB_11204167)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_11204167

Proper Citation: (Sigma-Aldrich Cat# MABT205, RRID:AB_11204167)

Target Antigen: ?-Tubulin

Host Organism: Rabbit

Clonality: monoclonal

Comments: Applications: WB, ICC, IHC

Antibody Name: Anti-?-Tubulin Antibody, clone DM1A

Description: This monoclonal targets ?-Tubulin

Target Organism: mouse, human

Clone ID: DM1A

Antibody ID: AB_11204167

Vendor: Sigma-Aldrich

Catalog Number: MABT205

Record Creation Time: 20231110T031034+0000

Record Last Update: 20240725T000938+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Anti-?-Tubulin Antibody, clone DM1A.

No alerts have been found for Anti-?-Tubulin Antibody, clone DM1A.

Data and Source Information

Source: Antibody Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org.

Li D, et al. (2021) PIWI-mediated control of tissue-specific transposons is essential for somatic cell differentiation. Cell reports, 37(1), 109776.

La Sala G, et al. (2020) Gpr37l1/prosaposin receptor regulates Ptch1 trafficking, Shh production, and cell proliferation in cerebellar primary astrocytes. Journal of neuroscience research.

Whiteley AT, et al. (2019) Bacterial cGAS-like enzymes synthesize diverse nucleotide signals. Nature, 567(7747), 194.

Pal D, et al. (2017) TGF-? reduces DNA ds-break repair mechanisms to heighten genetic diversity and adaptability of CD44+/CD24- cancer cells. eLife, 6.

Whiteley AM, et al. (2017) Ubiquilin1 promotes antigen-receptor mediated proliferation by eliminating mislocalized mitochondrial proteins. eLife, 6.

Shirole NH, et al. (2016) TP53 exon-6 truncating mutations produce separation of function isoforms with pro-tumorigenic functions. eLife, 5.