

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org](https://fdi-lab.sci-crunch.org) on May 1, 2025

MOG-G-UVW

RRID:CVCL_2614

Type: Cell Line

Proper Citation

(RRID:CVCL_2614)

Cell Line Information

URL: https://web.expasy.org/cellosaurus/CVCL_2614

Proper Citation: (RRID:CVCL_2614)

Sex: Male

Defining Citation: [PMID:3254724](#), [PMID:7518347](#), [PMID:7591247](#), [PMID:20215515](#), [PMID:25877200](#), [PMID:27397505](#), [PMID:30894373](#), [PMID:30971826](#), [PMID:31068700](#), [PMID:35839778](#)

Comments: Omics: Transcriptome analysis by microarray., Omics: SNP array analysis., Omics: DNA methylation analysis., Omics: Deep quantitative proteome analysis., Omics: Deep exome analysis., Omics: CRISPR phenotypic screen., Population: Caucasian., Part of: COSMIC cell lines project., Part of: Cancer Dependency Map project (DepMap) (includes Cancer Cell Line Encyclopedia - CCLE).

Category: Cancer cell line

Name: MOG-G-UVW

Synonyms: MOG-GUVW, MOGGUVW, GO-G-UVW, G-UVW, UVW, Medical Oncology Glasgow-Glioma-UVW

Cross References: CLO:CLO_0007818, CLDB:cl3513, ArrayExpress:E-MTAB-783, ArrayExpress:E-MTAB-3610, BioGRID_ORCS_Cell_line:945, BioSample:SAMN03470987, BioSample:SAMN10988296, cancercellines:CVCL_2614, Cell_Model_Passport:SIDM00504, ChEMBL-Cells:ChEMBL3308137, ChEMBL-Targets:ChEMBL1075508, Cosmic:908145, Cosmic:2367539, Cosmic-CLP:908145, DepMap:ACH-001126, ECACC:86022703, EGA:EGAS00001000978, GDSC:90815, GEO:GSM827433, GEO:GSM1374687, GEO:GSM1670123, IARC_TP53:21510,

LINCS_LDP:LCL-1397, PharmacnoDB:MOGGUVW_949_2019, PRIDE:PXD030304, Progenetix:CVCL_2614, PubChem_Cell_line:CVCL_2614, Wikidata:Q54906313

ID: CVCL_2614

Record Creation Time: 20250131T201416+0000

Record Last Update: 20250131T203035+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for MOG-G-UVW.

No alerts have been found for MOG-G-UVW.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Cellosaurus](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 1 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [FDI Lab - SciCrunch.org](#).

Graham MK, et al. (2024) The TERT Promoter is Polycomb-Repressed in Neuroblastoma Cells with Long Telomeres. Cancer research communications, 4(6), 1533.