

Resource Summary Report

Generated by SPARC SAWG on Aug 9, 2026

City of Hope National Medical Center Integrative Genomics and Bioinformatics Core Facility

RRID:SCR_017188

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

City of Hope National Medical Center Integrative Genomics and Bioinformatics Core Facility (RRID:SCR_017188)

Resource Information

URL: <https://www.cityofhope.org/research/shared-resources/integrative-genomics-and-bioinformatics>

Proper Citation: City of Hope National Medical Center Integrative Genomics and Bioinformatics Core Facility (RRID:SCR_017188)

Description: Core provides genomic and bioinformatics services to City of Hope Comprehensive Cancer Center (COHCCC) investigators.

Abbreviations: IGBC

Synonyms: , City of Hope, Integrative Genomics and Bioinformatics Core, Bioinformatics Core Facility, National Medical Center, IGBC

Resource Type: data or information resource, service resource, core facility, access service resource, data analysis service, analysis service resource, production service resource

Keywords: bioinformatics, genomic, data, analysis, service, next, sequencing

Availability: Restricted

Resource Name: City of Hope National Medical Center Integrative Genomics and Bioinformatics Core Facility

Resource ID: SCR_017188

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080334+0000

Record Last Update: 20260810T040714+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for City of Hope National Medical Center Integrative Genomics and Bioinformatics Core Facility.

No alerts have been found for City of Hope National Medical Center Integrative Genomics and Bioinformatics Core Facility.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 1 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [SPARC SAWG](#) .

Maurya SK, et al. (2025) Mucin 5AC Promotes Breast Cancer Brain Metastasis through cMET/CD44v6. Clinical cancer research : an official journal of the American Association for Cancer Research, 31(5), 921.