

Resource Summary Report

Generated by SPARC SAWG on Aug 8, 2026

University of Chicago Human Disease and Immune Discovery Core Facility

RRID:SCR_022936

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

University of Chicago Human Disease and Immune Discovery Core Facility
(RRID:SCR_022936)

Resource Information

URL: <https://voices.uchicago.edu/hdid/>

Proper Citation: University of Chicago Human Disease and Immune Discovery Core Facility (RRID:SCR_022936)

Description: Provides expertise, equipment and physical space for researchers to perform cutting edge, high resolution investigations of human immune system. Leverages innovative technologies from field of flow cytometry for data generation and analysis and through close collaboration with Genomics core facility to provide cellular component solutions to even higher resolution genomic investigations.

Synonyms: Human Disease and Immune Discovery, University of Chicago Human Disease and Immune Discovery

Resource Type: core facility, access service resource, service resource

Keywords: USEDit, ABRF, human immune system investigations, flow cytometry, data generation and analysis

Resource Name: University of Chicago Human Disease and Immune Discovery Core Facility

Resource ID: SCR_022936

Alternate IDs: ABRF_1613

Alternate URLs: <https://coremarketplace.org/?FacilityID=1613&citation=1>

Record Creation Time: 20221031T050209+0000

Record Last Update: 20260808T190707+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for University of Chicago Human Disease and Immune Discovery Core Facility.

No alerts have been found for University of Chicago Human Disease and Immune Discovery Core Facility.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [SPARC SAWG](#) .

Gamble N, et al. (2025) Thymic epithelial cells amplify epigenetic noise to promote immune tolerance. Nature.

Gamble N, et al. (2024) PU.1 and BCL11B sequentially cooperate with RUNX1 to anchor mSWI/SNF to poise the T cell effector landscape. Nature immunology, 25(5), 860.

Malik A, et al. (2023) Epithelial IFN γ signalling and compartmentalized antigen presentation orchestrate gut immunity. Nature, 623(7989), 1044.