

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [PRECISE-TBI](#) on Aug 10, 2026

ProSci

RRID:SCR_006609

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

ProSci (RRID:SCR_006609)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.prosci-inc.com/>

Proper Citation: ProSci (RRID:SCR_006609)

Description: An Antibody supplier

Synonyms: ProSci Incorporated, ProSci Inc

Resource Type: commercial organization

Resource Name: ProSci

Resource ID: SCR_006609

Alternate IDs: nlx_152435

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080237+0000

Record Last Update: 20260808T185840+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for ProSci.

No alerts have been found for ProSci.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 808 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [PRECISE-TBI](#) .

Beavis AC, et al. (2025) Efficacy of parainfluenza virus 5 (PIV5)-vectored intranasal COVID-19 vaccine as a single dose primer and booster against SARS-CoV-2 variants. *Journal of virology*, 99(4), e0198924.

Courjaret RJ, et al. (2025) Ca²⁺ tunneling architecture and function are important for secretion. *The Journal of cell biology*, 224(1).

Chen S, et al. (2025) Gene therapy for ocular hypertension using hfCas13d-mediated mRNA targeting. *PNAS nexus*, 4(6), pgaf168.

Li Y, et al. (2025) ERK1-mediated GLYCTK2 phosphorylation promotes fructolysis to sustain glioblastoma survival under glucose deprivation. *Cell death discovery*, 11(1), 266.

Yang M, et al. (2025) GPX4 Promotes Optic Nerve Regeneration and RGC Neuroprotection. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.

Yeganegi A, et al. (2025) Sensitivity Analysis to Isolate the Effects of Proteases and Protease Inhibitors on Extracellular Matrix Turnover. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.

Schiefermeier-Mach N, et al. (2025) Biological boundary conditions regulate the internalization of *Aspergillus fumigatus* conidia by alveolar cells. *Frontiers in cellular and infection microbiology*, 15, 1515779.

Beavis AC, et al. (2025) A parainfluenza virus 5 (PIV5)-vectored intranasal SARS-CoV-2 vaccine (CVXGA1) elicits protective and long-lasting immunity in nonhuman primates. *Journal of virology*, 99(4), e0199024.

Amusan OT, et al. (2025) RIPK1 is required for ZBP1-driven necroptosis in human cells. *PLoS biology*, 23(2), e3002845.

Thirunavukkarasu M, et al. (2025) Stabilization of Transcription Factor, HIF-1?? by Prolylhydroxylase 1 Knockout Reduces Cardiac Injury After Myocardial Infarction in Mice. *Cells*, 14(6).

Jadhav P, et al. (2025) Design of quinoline SARS-CoV-2 papain-like protease inhibitors as oral antiviral drug candidates. *Nature communications*, 16(1), 1604.

Song C, et al. (2025) KMT2D/ZNF460-induced COL9A1-mediated extracellular matrix stiffness maintains the cancer stem cell pool to promote colorectal cancer progression. *Cell biology and toxicology*, 41(1), 111.

McColl KS, et al. (2025) Identification of HEPACAM2 as a novel and specific marker of small cell carcinoma. *Cancer*, 131(1), e35557.

Kim BJ, et al. (2025) FDA-approved phensuximide inhibits RIPK1-dependent immunogenic cell death. *Cell death & disease*, 16(1), 426.

Zhao F, et al. (2025) Engineered PD-L1 co-expression in PD-1 knockout and MAGE-C2-targeting TCR-T cells augments the cytotoxic efficacy toward target cancer cells. *Scientific reports*, 15(1), 11894.

Poulsen K, et al. (2025) Nonclinical study of ixo-vec gene therapy for nAMD supports efficacy for a human dose of 6E10 vg/eye and staggered dosing of fellow eyes. *Molecular therapy. Methods & clinical development*, 33(1), 101430.

Sun Z, et al. (2025) Cooperation of TRADD- and RIPK1-dependent cell death pathways in maintaining intestinal homeostasis. *Nature communications*, 16(1), 1890.

Prindle V, et al. (2025) Synthetic lethality of mRNA quality control complexes in cancer. *Nature*, 638(8052), 1095.

Su W, et al. (2025) SARS-CoV-2 viral proteins trigger pain via TLR2/4-MyD88 pathway. *Frontiers in molecular neuroscience*, 18, 1163636.

Li X, et al. (2025) FABP4 as a Mediator of Lipid Metabolism and Pregnant Uterine Dysfunction in Obesity. *Advanced science (Weinheim, Baden-Wurttemberg, Germany)*, 12(25), e2501077.