

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [PRECISE-TBI](#) on Aug 3, 2026

WebCite

RRID:SCR_003804

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

WebCite (RRID:SCR_003804)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.webcitation.org/>

Proper Citation: WebCite (RRID:SCR_003804)

Description: An on-demand archiving system for webreferences (cited webpages and websites, or other kinds of Internet-accessible digital objects), which can be used by authors, editors, and publishers of scholarly papers and books, to ensure that cited webmaterial will remain available to readers in the future. Users make a local copy of the cited webpage / webmaterial and archive the cited URL to enable readers permanent access to the cited material. If cited webreferences in journal articles, books etc. are not archived, future readers may encounter a 404 File Not Found error when clicking on a cited URL. It's free and takes only 30 seconds. A WebCite-enhanced reference is a reference which contains - in addition to the original live URL (which can and probably will disappear in the future, or its content may change) - a link to an archived copy of the material, exactly as the citing author saw it when he accessed the cited material.

Abbreviations: WebCite

Resource Type: service resource

Defining Citation: [PMID:17238538](#), [PMID:16403724](#)

Keywords: archive, publisher, digital preservation, cite, editor, reader

Availability: Free

Resource Name: WebCite

Resource ID: SCR_003804

Alternate IDs: nlx_158104

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080221+0000

Record Last Update: 20260801T190226+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for WebCite.

No alerts have been found for WebCite.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 33 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [PRECISE-TBI](#) .

Schunn FA, et al. (2024) Oncologic treatment support via a dedicated mobile app: a prospective feasibility evaluation (OPTIMISE-1). *Strahlentherapie und Onkologie : Organ der Deutschen Rontgengesellschaft ... [et al]*, 200(6), 475.

Lotto M, et al. (2020) Is the Quality of Toothache-Related Information Published in Brazilian Websites Adequate to Assist People in Seeking Dental Treatment? *Oral health & preventive dentistry*, 18(2), 301.

Georgsson S, et al. (2020) Quality of consumer-oriented websites containing information about the second trimester ultrasound examination during pregnancy. *BMC pregnancy and childbirth*, 20(1), 235.

Eriksson C, et al. (2019) Quality of websites about long-acting reversible contraception: a descriptive cross-sectional study. *Reproductive health*, 16(1), 172.

Oluyomi AO, et al. (2019) Foot-based audit of streets adjacent to new light rail stations in Houston, Texas: measurement of health-related characteristics of the built environment for physical activity research. *BMC public health*, 19(1), 238.

Koenighofer M, et al. (2019) Spectrum of Novel Hereditary Hemorrhagic Telangiectasia Variants in an Austrian Patient Cohort. *Clinical and experimental otorhinolaryngology*, 12(4), 405.

Daniel H, et al. (2019) Statin treatment after acute coronary syndrome: Adherence and reasons for non-adherence in a randomized controlled intervention trial. *Scientific reports*, 9(1), 12079.

Davis D, et al. (2018) Optimizing Gestational Weight Gain With the Eating4Two Smartphone App: Protocol for a Randomized Controlled Trial. *JMIR research protocols*, 7(5), e146.

Chien W, et al. (2018) Functional Genome-wide Screening Identifies Targets and Pathways Sensitizing Pancreatic Cancer Cells to Dasatinib. *Journal of Cancer*, 9(24), 4762.

- Zhang M, et al. (2018) Web-Based Cognitive Bias Intervention for Psychiatric Disorders: Protocol for a Systematic Review. *JMIR research protocols*, 7(8), e10427.
- Melia R, et al. (2018) Mobile Health Technology Interventions for Suicide Prevention: Protocol for a Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. *JMIR research protocols*, 7(1), e28.
- Schnelle C, et al. (2018) Comparative Analysis of Women With Notable Subjective Health Indicators Compared With Participants in the Australian Longitudinal Study on Women's Health: Cross-Sectional Survey. *JMIR public health and surveillance*, 4(1), e6.
- Argha A, et al. (2018) Effect of Seasonal Variation on Clinical Outcome in Patients with Chronic Conditions: Analysis of the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization (CSIRO) National Telehealth Trial. *JMIR medical informatics*, 6(1), e16.
- Downing KL, et al. (2018) Feasibility and Efficacy of a Parent-Focused, Text Message-Delivered Intervention to Reduce Sedentary Behavior in 2- to 4-Year-Old Children (Mini Movers): Pilot Randomized Controlled Trial. *JMIR mHealth and uHealth*, 6(2), e39.
- Thabrew H, et al. (2017) Randomized Trial Comparing the Electronic Composite Psychosocial Screener YouthCHAT With a Clinician-Interview Assessment for Young People: A Study Protocol. *JMIR research protocols*, 6(7), e135.
- Bidargaddi N, et al. (2017) Efficacy of a Web-Based Guided Recommendation Service for a Curated List of Readily Available Mental Health and Well-Being Mobile Apps for Young People: Randomized Controlled Trial. *Journal of medical Internet research*, 19(5), e141.
- Aguirre PEA, et al. (2017) Evaluating the Dental Caries-Related Information on Brazilian Websites: Qualitative Study. *Journal of medical Internet research*, 19(12), e415.
- Proudfoot J, et al. (2017) A Web-Based Public Health Intervention to Reduce Functional Impairment and Depressive Symptoms in Adults With Type 2 Diabetes (The Springboard Trial): Randomized Controlled Trial Protocol. *JMIR research protocols*, 6(8), e145.
- Bulic D, et al. (2017) Delirium After Mechanical Ventilation in Intensive Care Units: The Cognitive and Psychosocial Assessment (CAPA) Study Protocol. *JMIR research protocols*, 6(2), e31.
- Hmone MP, et al. (2017) Mobile Phone Short Messages to Improve Exclusive Breastfeeding and Reduce Adverse Infant Feeding Practices: Protocol for a Randomized Controlled Trial in Yangon, Myanmar. *JMIR research protocols*, 6(6), e126.