

Resource Summary Report

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Indonesia Family Life Survey

RRID:SCR_005695

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

Indonesia Family Life Survey (RRID:SCR_005695)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.rand.org/labor/FLS/IFLS.html>

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Description: A dataset of an on-going multi-level longitudinal survey in Indonesia that collects extensive information on socio-economic and demographic characteristics of respondents, as well as extremely comprehensive interviews with local leaders about community services and facilities. The survey is ideally suited for research on topics related to important dynamic aging processes such as the transition from self-sufficiency to dependency, the decline from robust health to frailty, labor force and earning dynamics, wealth accumulation and decumulation, living arrangements and intergenerational transfers. The first wave of IFLS was fielded in 1993 and collected information on over 30,000 individuals living in 7,200 households. The sample covers 321 communities in 13 provinces in Indonesia and is representative of about 83% of the population. These households were revisited in 1997 (IFLS2), 2000 (IFLS3), and 2007-8 (IFLS4). A 25% sub-sample of households was re-interviewed in 1998 (IFLS2+). Special attention is paid to the measurement of health, including the measurement of anthropometry, blood pressure, lung capacity, a mobility test and collection of dry blood spots by a nurse or doctor. In addition to comprehensive life history data on education, work, migration, marriage and child bearing, the survey collects very detailed information on economic status of individuals and households. Links with non co-resident family members are spelled out in conjunction with information on borrowing and transfers. Information is gathered on participation in community activities and in public assistance programs. Measurement of health is a major focus of the survey. In addition to detailed information about use of private and public health services along with insurance status, respondents provide a self-reported assessment of health status. Detailed information on the local economy and prices of goods and services are also collected. These data may be matched with the individual and household-level data. Considerable attention has been placed on minimizing attrition in IFLS. In each re-survey, about 95% of households have been re-contacted. Around 10-15% of respondents have moved from the location in which they were interviewed in the previous wave. In addition, individuals who split-off from the original households have been followed. They have added around 1,000 households to

the sample in 1997 and about 3,000 households in 2000. Data Availability: IFLS1 data are available through ICPSR as study number 6706. Data from subsequent waves of the IFLS can be accessed from the RAND project Website. * Dates of Study: 1993-2008 * Study Features: Longitudinal, International, Anthropometric Measures, Biomarkers * Sample Size: ** 1993: 22,000 (IFLS1) ** 1997: 33,000 (IFLS2) ** 1998: 10,000 (IFLS2+) ** 2000: 37,000 (IFLS3) ** 2008: 44,103 (IFLS4) Links: * IFLS1 ICPSR: <http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/ICPSR/studies/06706> * IFLS ICPSR: <http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/ICPSR/studies/00184>

Abbreviations: IFLS

Synonyms: Indonesian Family Life Survey (IFLS), Indonesian Family Life Survey, Indonesia Family Life Survey (IFLS)

Resource Type: biomaterial supply resource, material resource

Keywords: interview, income, education, adult, child, contraceptive, survey, consumption, asset, individual, household, anthropometry, blood pressure, lung capacity, mobility, dry blood, work, migration, marriage, child bearing, economic status, health, health service, insurance, longitudinal, international, biomarker, blood

Related Condition: Aging

Funding: NIA ;
NICHD ;
USAID ;
Ford Foundation ;
World Health Organization ;
World Bank

Availability: Public

Resource Name: Indonesia Family Life Survey

Resource ID: SCR_005695

Alternate IDs: nlx_151836

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080231+0000

Record Last Update: 20260919T195751+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Indonesia Family Life Survey.

No alerts have been found for Indonesia Family Life Survey.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 43 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [nidm-terms](#) .

Fajri M, et al. (2026) Water, sanitation, and depressive symptoms in Indonesia: The mediating role of life satisfaction. PloS one, 21(2), e0341886.

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