

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [nidm-terms](#) on Aug 9, 2026

ALS Association

RRID:SCR_000442

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

ALS Association (RRID:SCR_000442)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.alsa.org/>

Proper Citation: ALS Association (RRID:SCR_000442)

Description: Established in 1985, The ALS Association is the only national non-profit organization fighting Lou Gehrig's Disease on every front. By leading the way in global research, providing assistance for people with ALS through a nationwide network of chapters, coordinating multidisciplinary care through certified clinical care centers, and fostering government partnerships, The Association builds hope and enhances quality of life while aggressively searching for new treatments and a cure. As the preeminent ALS organization, The Association leads the way in research, care services, public education, and public policy giving help and hope to those facing the disease. The Association's nationwide network of chapters provides comprehensive patient services and support to the ALS community. The mission of The ALS Association is to lead the fight to treat and cure ALS through global research and nationwide advocacy, while also empowering people with Lou Gehrig's Disease and their families to live fuller lives by providing them with compassionate care and support. The ALS Association has committed more than \$58 million to find effective treatments and a cure for Lou Gehrig's Disease. Our global research effort has helped increase the number of scientists working on ALS, advanced new discoveries and treatments, and has shed light on the complex genetic and environmental factors involved in ALS. Diversity exemplifies The ALS Association's research philosophy. The Association spearheads investigator-initiated projects that originate from the minds of scientists. It also has ALS Association-initiated projects in which research ideas come from a small, blue ribbon committee of scientists who reach out with specific projects for designated scientists in the field. The ALS Association offers multi-year grants to established investigators, as well as one-year starter research awards. The Association is proud to administer The Milton Safenowitz Post-Doctoral Fellowship for ALS Research, which is the only post-doctoral fellowship for ALS research. In addition, The ALS Association's Sheila Essey Award, the premier ALS award, recognizes achievement in research. The ALS Association holds workshops each year that bring together scientists researching ALS and other neurodegenerative diseases to generate new research suggestions and fresh insight. In addition, our TREAT ALS (Transitional

Research Advancing Therapy for ALS) initiative combines efficient new drug discovery with priorities set for existing drug candidates to accelerate clinical testing of compounds with promise for the disease. Our Clinical Management Research Program focuses on managing the care of people with ALS in such areas as nutrition, respiration, mobility and psychosocial needs. Since 1998, The Association has funded 21 clinical management research projects representing a total commitment of \$750,000. The Association produces a series of manuals and videos as well as a DVD, called Living with ALS, that educate patients about all aspects of the disease.

Abbreviations: ALS Association

Synonyms: Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis Association, ALS Association - Fighting Lou Gehrig's Disease, ALS Association

Resource Type: nonprofit organization

Keywords: research, clinical care center, treatment, cure, care service, public education, public policy, post-doctoral fellowship, clinical, grant, award

Related Condition: Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis

Resource Name: ALS Association

Resource ID: SCR_000442

Alternate IDs: nif-0000-00449, Wikidata: Q4652439, grid.430438.8, ISNI: 0000 0004 0590 7963, Crossref funder ID: 100000971

Alternate URLs: <https://ror.org/00mwp5989>

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080201+0000

Record Last Update: 20260808T185722+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for ALS Association.

No alerts have been found for ALS Association.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 11 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [nidm-terms](#) .

Galvin M, et al. (2018) Needs of informal caregivers across the caregiving course in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis: a qualitative analysis. *BMJ open*, 8(1), e018721.

Beard JD, et al. (2017) Military service, deployments, and exposures in relation to amyotrophic lateral sclerosis survival. *PloS one*, 12(10), e0185751.

Eaton SL, et al. (2017) Bridging the gap: large animal models in neurodegenerative research. *Mammalian genome : official journal of the International Mammalian Genome Society*, 28(7-8), 324.

Mao Y, et al. (2017) The essential and downstream common proteins of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis: A protein-protein interaction network analysis. *PloS one*, 12(3), e0172246.

Toivonen JM, et al. (2014) MicroRNA-206: a potential circulating biomarker candidate for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. *PloS one*, 9(2), e89065.

Lewis CA, et al. (2013) Myelosuppressive conditioning using busulfan enables bone marrow cell accumulation in the spinal cord of a mouse model of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. *PloS one*, 8(4), e60661.

Henkel JS, et al. (2013) Regulatory T-lymphocytes mediate amyotrophic lateral sclerosis progression and survival. *EMBO molecular medicine*, 5(1), 64.

Yoo YE, et al. (2012) Dihydrotestosterone ameliorates degeneration in muscle, axons and motoneurons and improves motor function in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis model mice. *PloS one*, 7(5), e37258.

Miquel E, et al. (2012) Modulation of astrocytic mitochondrial function by dichloroacetate improves survival and motor performance in inherited amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. *PloS one*, 7(4), e34776.

Martin LJ, et al. (2010) Mitochondrial and Cell Death Mechanisms in Neurodegenerative Diseases. *Pharmaceuticals (Basel, Switzerland)*, 3(4), 839.

Banks GT, et al. (2009) Mutant glycyl-tRNA synthetase (Gars) ameliorates SOD1(G93A) motor neuron degeneration phenotype but has little affect on Loa dynein heavy chain mutant mice. *PloS one*, 4(7), e6218.