

Resource Summary Report

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World Health Organization Statistical Information System

RRID:SCR_008250

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

World Health Organization Statistical Information System (RRID:SCR_008250)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.who.int/gho/en/>

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Description: WHOSIS, the WHO Statistical Information System, is an interactive database bringing together core health statistics for the 193 WHO Member States. It comprises more than 100 indicators, which can be accessed by way of a quick search, by major categories, or through user-defined tables. The data can be further filtered, tabulated, charted and downloaded. The data are also published annually in the World Health Statistics Report released in May. The WHO Statistical Information System is the guide to health and health-related epidemiological and statistical information available from the World Health Organization. Most WHO technical programs make statistical information available, and they will be linked from here. Sponsors: WHOSIS is supported by the World Health Organization. Note: The WHO Statistical Information System (WHOSIS) has been incorporated into the Global Health Observatory (GHO) to provide you with more data, more tools, more analysis and more reports.

Synonyms: WHOSIS

Resource Type: data or information resource, database

Keywords: epidemiological, health, information, public health databases, statistic, FASEB list

Resource Name: World Health Organization Statistical Information System

Resource ID: SCR_008250

Alternate IDs: nif-0000-21417

Alternate URLs: <http://www3.who.int/whosis/menu.cfm>

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080246+0000

Record Last Update: 20260729T044218+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for World Health Organization Statistical Information System.

No alerts have been found for World Health Organization Statistical Information System.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 37 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [nidm-terms](#) .

Zang Z, et al. (2025) Long-term trends and the role of health resources in under-5 mortality rates: a 2000-2021 longitudinal analysis at the global level. *BMJ open*, 15(11), e102980.

Pe??a-Galo EM, et al. (2024) High Gastric Cancer Mortality and Years of Life Lost in Nicaragua: A Population-Based Study 1997 to 2012. *Cancer epidemiology, biomarkers & prevention : a publication of the American Association for Cancer Research, cosponsored by the American Society of Preventive Oncology*, 33(12), 1564.

Zhang QW, et al. (2021) Variations in disease burden of laryngeal cancer attributable to alcohol use and smoking in 204 countries or territories, 1990-2019. *BMC cancer*, 21(1), 1082.

Hashim D, et al. (2020) Cancer mortality in the oldest old: a global overview. *Aging*, 12(17), 16744.

Jiang Y, et al. (2020) Temporal trends in the mortality rate of Alzheimer's disease and other dementias attributable to smoking, 1990-2017. *Environmental research*, 184, 109183.

Magwood O, et al. (2019) Correction: Effectiveness of home-based records on maternal, newborn and child health outcomes: A systematic review and meta-analysis. *PloS one*, 14(2), e0212698.

Li J, et al. (2019) Regional differences and spatial patterns of health status of the member states in the "Belt and Road" Initiative. *PloS one*, 14(1), e0211264.

Joshanloo M, et al. (2019) A multidimensional understanding of prosperity and well-being at country level: Data-driven explorations. *PloS one*, 14(10), e0223221.

Ahmed S, et al. (2019) Measuring the efficiency of health systems in Asia: a data envelopment analysis. *BMJ open*, 9(3), e022155.

Barbui C, et al. (2018) Forty years without mental hospitals in Italy. *International journal of mental health systems*, 12, 43.

Torrealba-Acosta G, et al. (2018) Epidemiology of Stroke in Costa Rica: A 7-Year Hospital-Based Acute Stroke Registry of 1319 Consecutive Patients. *Journal of stroke and cerebrovascular diseases : the official journal of National Stroke Association*, 27(5), 1143.

Medenwald D, et al. (2018) Number of radiotherapy treatment machines in the population and cancer mortality: an ecological study. *Clinical epidemiology*, 10, 1249.

Martin D, et al. (2018) Canada's universal health-care system: achieving its potential. *Lancet (London, England)*, 391(10131), 1718.

Fairchild G, et al. (2018) Epidemiological Data Challenges: Planning for a More Robust Future Through Data Standards. *Frontiers in public health*, 6, 336.

Knauf S, et al. (2018) Nonhuman primates across sub-Saharan Africa are infected with the yaws bacterium *Treponema pallidum* subsp. *pertenue*. *Emerging microbes & infections*, 7(1), 157.

Mariani G, et al. (2017) Improving women's health in low-income and middle-income countries. Part II: the needs of diagnostic imaging. *Nuclear medicine communications*, 38(12), 1024.

, et al. (2017) Evolution and patterns of global health financing 1995-2014: development assistance for health, and government, prepaid private, and out-of-pocket health spending in 184 countries. *Lancet (London, England)*, 389(10083), 1981.

Budnik A, et al. (2017) Worldwide Increase of Obesity Is Related to the Reduced Opportunity for Natural Selection. *PloS one*, 12(1), e0170098.

Little MP, et al. (2017) Male Breast Cancer Incidence and Mortality Risk in the Japanese Atomic Bomb Survivors - Differences in Excess Relative and Absolute Risk from Female Breast Cancer. *Environmental health perspectives*, 125(2), 223.

Reniers G, et al. (2017) Tuberculosis mortality and the male survival deficit in rural South Africa: An observational community cohort study. *PloS one*, 12(10), e0185692.