

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [nidm-terms](#) on Jul 29, 2026

University of Manitoba; Manitoba; Canada

RRID:SCR_003867

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

University of Manitoba; Manitoba; Canada (RRID:SCR_003867)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.umanitoba.ca/>

Proper Citation: University of Manitoba; Manitoba; Canada (RRID:SCR_003867)

Resource Type: university, institution

Resource Name: University of Manitoba; Manitoba; Canada

Resource ID: SCR_003867

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080221+0000

Record Last Update: 20260728T043152+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for University of Manitoba; Manitoba; Canada.

No alerts have been found for University of Manitoba; Manitoba; Canada.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [nidm-terms](#).

Fong GT, et al. (2023) Impact of Canada's menthol cigarette ban on quitting among menthol smokers: pooled analysis of pre-post evaluation from the ITC Project and the Ontario Menthol Ban Study and projections of impact in the USA. *Tobacco control*, 32(6), 734.

Petsnik C, et al. (2020) Do dominant group members have different emotional responses to observing dominant-on-dominant versus dominant-on-disadvantaged ostracism? Some evidence for heightened reactivity to potentially discriminatory ingroup behavior. *PloS one*, 15(6), e0234540.

Yamaguchi T, et al. (2016) Lack of Benefit of Early Intervention with Dietary Flax and Fish Oil and Soy Protein in Orthologous Rodent Models of Human Hereditary Polycystic Kidney Disease. *PloS one*, 11(5), e0155790.

Basak P, et al. (2015) Estrogen regulates luminal progenitor cell differentiation through H19 gene expression. *Endocrine-related cancer*, 22(4), 505.

Rahman S, et al. (2015) Visual Saliency Prediction and Evaluation across Different Perceptual Tasks. *PloS one*, 10(9), e0138053.

van Pel DM, et al. (2013) An evolutionarily conserved synthetic lethal interaction network identifies FEN1 as a broad-spectrum target for anticancer therapeutic development. *PLoS genetics*, 9(1), e1003254.