

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [nidm-terms](#) on Jul 28, 2026

HighWire Press

RRID:SCR_000761

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

HighWire Press (RRID:SCR_000761)

Resource Information

URL: <http://highwire.stanford.edu/>

Proper Citation: HighWire Press (RRID:SCR_000761)

Description: A division of the Stanford University Libraries, which produces the online versions of journals and other scholarly content.

Synonyms: HighWire Press

Resource Type: publisher, service resource, database, data or information resource

Keywords: biomedical, communication, images, interactivity, literature, multimedia, science, scientific, scientific literature databases and services, technology

Availability: THIS RESOURCE IS NO LONGER IN SERVICE

Resource Name: HighWire Press

Resource ID: SCR_000761

Alternate IDs: nif-0000-21191

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080203+0000

Record Last Update: 20260728T043102+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for HighWire Press.

No alerts have been found for HighWire Press.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [nidm-terms](#) .

Ezzine-de-Blas D, et al. (2016) Global Patterns in the Implementation of Payments for Environmental Services. PloS one, 11(3), e0149847.

Rahaman MH, et al. (2015) Molecular tools in understanding the evolution of *Vibrio cholerae*. Frontiers in microbiology, 6, 1040.

Davis PM, et al. (2013) Public accessibility of biomedical articles from PubMed Central reduces journal readership--retrospective cohort analysis. FASEB journal : official publication of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology, 27(7), 2536.

Halavi M, et al. (2012) Digital reconstructions of neuronal morphology: three decades of research trends. Frontiers in neuroscience, 6, 49.

Singh A, et al. (2011) "Free full text articles": where to search for them? International journal of trichology, 3(2), 75.

Riley M, et al. (2006) *Escherichia coli* K-12: a cooperatively developed annotation snapshot--2005. Nucleic acids research, 34(1), 1.