

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [nidm-terms](#) on Aug 4, 2026

nPOD6614

RRID:SAMN44486500

Type: Biosample

Proper Citation

nPOD, Cat# nPOD_6614, RRID:SAMN44486500

Biosample Information

URL: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/biosample/?term=SAMN44486500>

Proper Citation: nPOD, Cat# nPOD_6614, RRID:SAMN44486500

Sex: male

Species: Homo sapiens

Disease: No Diabetes

Vendor: University of Florida

Comments: Pancreata and related tissues, serum, and blood are received from cadaveric organ donors or autopsy and processed by a core lab according to standardized operating procedures. Biospecimens are then made available through the nPOD website for use in scientific studies.,

Age: 20.43

Tissue: Non-Pancreatic Lymph Nodes, Pancreas, Pancreatic Lymph Nodes, Plasma, Serum, Small Intestine, Spleen

Biosample Name: nPOD6614

NCBI Biosample ID: SAMN44486500

Cross References: NCBI.BIOPROJECT:PRJNA662928

Record Creation Time: 20241109T102008+0000

Record Last Update: 20260801T181950+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for nPOD6614.

No alerts have been found for nPOD6614.

Data and Source Information

Source: [NCBI Biosample](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 1 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [nidm-terms](#) .

Drotar DM, et al. (2025) Loss of Insulin-Positive Cell Clusters Precedes the Decrease in Islet Frequency and ??-Cell Area in Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes.