

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [nidm-terms](#) on Aug 10, 2026

DyLight 594 Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), made in horse

RRID:AB_2336412

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Vector Laboratories Cat# DI-2594, RRID:AB_2336412

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2336412

Proper Citation: Vector Laboratories Cat# DI-2594, RRID:AB_2336412

Target Antigen: IgG

Host Organism: horse

Clonality: unknown

Antibody Name: DyLight 594 Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), made in horse

Description: This unknown targets IgG

Target Organism: mouse

Antibody ID: AB_2336412

Vendor: Vector Laboratories

Catalog Number: DI-2594

Record Creation Time: 20250820T053202+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T214756+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for DyLight 594 Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), made in horse.

No alerts have been found for DyLight 594 Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), made in horse.

Data and Source Information

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [nidm-terms](#) .

Vercalsteren E, et al. (2024) The SGLT2 inhibitor Empagliflozin promotes post-stroke functional recovery in diabetic mice. Cardiovascular diabetology, 23(1), 88.

Ochi E, et al. (2023) Klotho regulates the myogenic response of muscle to mechanical loading and exercise. Experimental physiology, 108(12), 1531.

McKee CM, et al. (2022) The anti-aging protein Klotho affects early postnatal myogenesis by downregulating Jmjd3 and the canonical Wnt pathway. FASEB journal : official publication of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology, 36(3), e22192.

Augestad IL, et al. (2022) Normalisation of glucose metabolism by exendin-4 in the chronic phase after stroke promotes functional recovery in male diabetic mice. British journal of pharmacology, 179(4), 677.

Masner M, et al. (2021) Linoleic and oleic acids enhance cell migration by altering the dynamics of microtubules and the remodeling of the actin cytoskeleton at the leading edge. Scientific reports, 11(1), 14984.

Lee JE, et al. (2020) Aging increases vulnerability to stress-induced depression via upregulation of NADPH oxidase in mice. Communications biology, 3(1), 292.