

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [kravitz2](#) on Sep 4, 2026

Weill Cornell Medical College Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine Multiparametric In Situ Imaging Laboratory Core Facility

RRID:SCR_024591

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

Weill Cornell Medical College Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine
Multiparametric In Situ Imaging Laboratory Core Facility (RRID:SCR_024591)

Resource Information

URL: <https://pathology.weill.cornell.edu/divisions/multiparametric-situ-imaging-misi-laboratory>

Proper Citation: Weill Cornell Medical College Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine Multiparametric In Situ Imaging Laboratory Core Facility (RRID:SCR_024591)

Description: Core focuses on providing immunohistochemistry, multiplex immunofluorescence and high-plex histological imaging. Provides in situ-based profiling of cellular microenvironments at single cell resolution, in tumor and non-tumor tissues.

Abbreviations: MISI WCM

Synonyms: Weill Cornell Medical College MISI WCM

Resource Type: access service resource, core facility, service resource

Keywords: ABRF, immunohistochemistry, multiplex immunofluorescence, high-plex histological imaging, histology, imaging

Resource Name: Weill Cornell Medical College Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine Multiparametric In Situ Imaging Laboratory Core Facility

Resource ID: SCR_024591

Alternate IDs: ABRF_2519

Alternate URLs: <https://coremarketplace.org/?FacilityID=2519&citation=1>

Record Creation Time: 20231019T050223+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Weill Cornell Medical College Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine Multiparametric In Situ Imaging Laboratory Core Facility.

No alerts have been found for Weill Cornell Medical College Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine Multiparametric In Situ Imaging Laboratory Core Facility.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 1 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [kravitz2](#) .

Rodrigues SD, et al. (2026) Suppression of de novo lipogenesis and dietary PUFA supplementation inhibit prostate cancer progression. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.