

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [kravitz2](#) on Sep 5, 2026

FaceBase

RRID:SCR_005998

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

FaceBase (RRID:SCR_005998)

Resource Information

URL: <https://www.facebase.org/>

Proper Citation: FaceBase (RRID:SCR_005998)

Description: A web portal that provides access to data, tools and materials that will aid in craniofacial research. Included is access to genomic and imaging based data sets from a variety of species, including zebrafish, human and mouse.

Abbreviations: FaceBase

Synonyms: FaceBase - A Resource For Craniofacial Researchers

Resource Type: community building portal, data or information resource, disease-related portal, portal, research forum portal, topical portal

Keywords: microct, dna microarray, craniofacial, genome, imaging, FASEB list, DRKB

Funding: NIH DE034163

Availability: Open and restricted access. Open-access data is available on the FaceBase website to any interested user and does not require any formal registration. Open-access data will be limited to summary-level human data (ex: averaged facial measures), And all non-human data. In contrast, All individual-level human data (ex: demographic descriptors, Phenotypic measures, 3D images) will fall under the restricted category and will require the requestor to fill out the Data Access Request form.

Resource Name: FaceBase

Resource ID: SCR_005998

Alternate IDs: nlx_151372

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080233+0000

Record Last Update: 20260903T235800+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for FaceBase.

No alerts have been found for FaceBase.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 83 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [kravitz2](#) .

Capecki JA, et al. (2026) Evidence that disruption of Discoidin domain receptor 2 contributes to palate malformations through effects on the extracellular matrix. Human molecular genetics, 35(12).

Goovaerts S, et al. (2026) The craniofacial shape of modern humans embodies genomic signatures of evolution, diversity, and clinical conditions. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Da Silva C, et al. (2026) Measuring sexual dimorphism in human faces. Journal of anatomy, 248(5), 705.

Mukhopadhyay N, et al. (2026) Is 7p14.1 an orofacial cleft risk locus? Genome-wide study of copy number variation in multiple populations provides both a replication of previous studies and an alternative explanation. medRxiv : the preprint server for health sciences.

Bobzin L, et al. (2025) FGFR2 directs inhibition of WNT signaling to regulate anterior fontanelle closure during skull development. Development (Cambridge, England), 152(2).

Bedell VM, et al. (2025) Zebrafishology, study design guidelines for rigorous and reproducible data using zebrafish. Communications biology, 8(1), 739.

Li Z, et al. (2025) Clustering individuals using INMTD: a novel versatile multi-view embedding framework integrating omics and imaging data. Bioinformatics (Oxford, England), 41(4).

Mahdi SS, et al. (2025) A 3D Clinical Face Phenotype Space of Genetic Syndromes Using a Triplet-Based Singular Geometric Autoencoder. IEEE access : practical innovations, open solutions, 13, 7258.

Tackie E, et al. (2025) Whole Exome Sequencing Uncovers Genetic Syndromes Associated with Orofacial Clefts presenting with Limb abnormalities in a Sub-Saharan African cohort. Research square.

- Hoskens H, et al. (2025) Three-dimensional craniofacial imaging in children with achondroplasia treated with vosoritide. *Genetics in medicine open*, 3, 103463.
- Lou S, et al. (2025) Functional variant at 19q13.3 confers nonsyndromic cleft palate susceptibility by regulating HIF3A. *iScience*, 28(2), 111829.
- Yuan M, et al. (2025) Optimized phenotyping of complex morphological traits: enhancing discovery of common and rare genetic variants. *Briefings in bioinformatics*, 26(2).
- Iwaya C, et al. (2025) miR-302a/b/d-3p Differentially Expressed During Frontonasal Development Is Sensitive to Retinoic Acid Exposure. *Cells*, 14(14).
- Gökce D, et al. (2025) Evaluation of Four Different Adhesive Systems' Bonding Strength Between Superficial and Deep Dentin. *Materials (Basel, Switzerland)*, 18(13).
- Yuan M, et al. (2024) Mapping genes for human face shape: Exploration of univariate phenotyping strategies. *PLoS computational biology*, 20(12), e1012617.
- Maroofian R, et al. (2024) Familial severe skeletal Class II malocclusion with gingival hyperplasia caused by a complex structural rearrangement at the KCNJ2-KCNJ16 locus. *HGG advances*, 5(4), 100352.
- Farmer DT, et al. (2024) Cellular transitions during cranial suture establishment in zebrafish. *Nature communications*, 15(1), 6948.
- Vanneste M, et al. (2023) Syndrome-informed phenotyping identifies a polygenic background for achondroplasia-like facial variation in the general population. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.
- Echeverry-Quiceno LM, et al. (2023) Population-specific facial traits and diagnosis accuracy of genetic and rare diseases in an admixed Colombian population. *Scientific reports*, 13(1), 6869.
- Cs?sz S, et al. (2023) Comparing ant morphology measurements from microscope and online AntWeb.org 2D z-stacked images. *Ecology and evolution*, 13(3), e9897.