

Resource Summary Report

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NCI SEER Cancer Statistics Review

RRID:SCR_024685

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

NCI SEER Cancer Statistics Review (RRID:SCR_024685)

Resource Information

URL: https://seer.cancer.gov/csr/1975_2016/

Proper Citation: NCI SEER Cancer Statistics Review (RRID:SCR_024685)

Description: Platform to report outlining trends in cancer statistics and methods to derive various cancer statistics from the Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) program. Authoritative source for cancer statistics in the United States.

Synonyms: SEER Cancer Statistics Review, , National Cancer Institute SEER Cancer Statistics Review, NIH NCI Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Cancer Statistics Review, NIH NCI SEER Cancer Statistics Review

Resource Type: topical portal, data or information resource, disease-related portal, portal

Keywords: trends in cancer, cancer statistics, methods to derive various cancer statistics, Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results program, SEER program,

Related Condition: cancer

Funding: NCI

Availability: Free, Freely available

Resource Name: NCI SEER Cancer Statistics Review

Resource ID: SCR_024685

Alternate URLs: <https://seer.cancer.gov/>

Record Creation Time: 20231115T050219+0000

Record Last Update: 20260731T043159+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for NCI SEER Cancer Statistics Review.

No alerts have been found for NCI SEER Cancer Statistics Review.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 345 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [kravitz2](#) .

Koshizuka K, et al. (2025) Genome-Wide CRISPR Screening Reveals That mTOR Inhibition Initiates Ferritinophagy and Ferroptosis in Head and Neck Cancer. *Cancer research*, 85(16), 3032.

Feng Y, et al. (2025) Clinicopathological characteristics and long-term prognosis of peritoneal and retroperitoneal gastrointestinal stromal tumors. *Surgical endoscopy*, 39(5), 2911.

Jia Y, et al. (2025) Prognostic prediction for inflammatory breast cancer patients using random survival forest modeling. *Translational oncology*, 52, 102246.

Sun Y, et al. (2025) Machine learning-based prognostic model for patients with anaplastic thyroid carcinoma. *Discover oncology*, 16(1), 70.

Prince T, et al. (2025) On the estimation of inverse-probability-of-censoring weights for the evaluation of survival prediction error. *PloS one*, 20(1), e0318349.

Hong Z, et al. (2025) Comprehensive analysis of Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia (aCML): Epidemiology, clinical features, and survival outcomes based on SEER database insights. *Leukemia research reports*, 23, 100505.

Zhang Q, et al. (2025) Exploring the association between chemotherapy and prognosis among patients less than 50 years old with hepatocellular carcinoma: a retrospective cohort study based on the SEER database. *Discover oncology*, 16(1), 682.

Zhao A, et al. (2025) Epidemiology characteristics and clinical outcomes of composite Hodgkin lymphoma and diffuse large B-cell lymphoma using machine learning. *The oncologist*, 30(4).

Li C, et al. (2025) Options for postoperative radiation therapy in patients with de novo metastatic breast cancer. *Breast (Edinburgh, Scotland)*, 82, 104483.

Wang Q, et al. (2025) Prognosis Prediction and Surgical Benefit Subgroup Analysis in Anal Squamous Cell Carcinoma Patients Undergoing Concurrent Chemoradiotherapy. *Cancer medicine*, 14(15), e71091.

Kang Y, et al. (2025) Prognostic Differences and Survival Predictive Models for Mucinous Versus Usual-Type Adenocarcinoma of the Uterine Cervix. *Cancer medicine*, 14(9), e70927.

Xue Y, et al. (2025) Dynamic survival outcomes of the tall-cell variant of papillary thyroid carcinoma patients after surgery. *Frontiers in endocrinology*, 16, 1517907.

Fan S, et al. (2025) Prognostic value of positive lymph node ratio in oral cavity squamous cell carcinoma after neoadjuvant treatment: a retrospective real-world study. *Scientific reports*, 15(1), 17785.

Shen R, et al. (2025) Competing risk nomogram for predicting cancer-specific survival in patients with primary bone diffuse large B-cell lymphoma: a SEER-based retrospective study. *Frontiers in medicine*, 12, 1572919.

Guo X, et al. (2025) Survival outcomes and prognostic factors of early-onset and late-onset metastatic esophageal cancer: a population-based study. *Scientific reports*, 15(1), 23588.

Wu Y, et al. (2025) Risk analysis of cardiac disease mortality within 3 months in patients with lung cancer after surgery: A real-world cohort study. *The Journal of international medical research*, 53(9), 3000605251378947.

He W, et al. (2025) Prognostic significance of lymph node yield in pelvic lymph node dissection for bladder cancer: population-based study. *World journal of surgical oncology*, 23(1), 405.

Jiang Z, et al. (2025) Identifying the minimum number of retrieved lymph nodes in node-negative duodenal adenocarcinoma: a retrospective analysis of the real-world data and SEER database. *International journal of surgery (London, England)*, 111(12), 8873.

Xu Y, et al. (2025) Deep learning for survival prediction in triple-negative breast cancer: development and validation in real-world cohorts. *Scientific reports*, 15(1), 30248.

Thomas A, et al. (2025) Evolving incidence patterns for locally advanced operable breast cancer by receptor status: SEER 2010-2021. *NPJ breast cancer*, 11(1), 127.