

Resource Summary Report

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Health Information National Trends Survey

RRID:SCR_023943

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

Health Information National Trends Survey (RRID:SCR_023943)

Resource Information

URL: <https://hints.cancer.gov/>

Proper Citation: Health Information National Trends Survey (RRID:SCR_023943)

Description: Regularly collects nationally representative data about American public's knowledge of, attitudes toward, and use of cancer and health related information. HINTS data are used to monitor changes in fields of health communication and health information technology and to create more effective health communication strategies across different populations. Weighted, nationally representative probability based survey of civilian, non-institutionalized adults administered by National Cancer Institute on knowledge of and attitudes toward cancer relevant information.

Abbreviations: HINTS

Synonyms: Health Information National Trends Survey (HINTS), The Health Information National Trends Survey (HINTS)

Resource Type: topical portal, data or information resource, disease-related portal, portal

Keywords: National Cancer Institute, HINTS data, American public's knowledge, cancer relevant information, use of cancer and health related information, survey of civilian and non-institutionalized adults,

Related Condition: cancer

Availability: Free, Freely available

Resource Name: Health Information National Trends Survey

Resource ID: SCR_023943

Record Creation Time: 20230817T050215+0000

Record Last Update: 20260731T043135+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Health Information National Trends Survey.

No alerts have been found for Health Information National Trends Survey.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 23 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [kravitz2](#) .

Gong SA, et al. (2025) The influence of patient-centered communication on psychological distress: the chain mediating role of health-related self-efficacy and healthy lifestyle behaviors and the moderating role of social media use. *Frontiers in psychiatry*, 16, 1562414.

Zhu Y, et al. (2025) The influence of fitness technology use on cancer screening behaviors among American women: Mediation by social media communication and cancer worry (2017-2020). *Digital health*, 11, 20552076251331893.

Offer K, et al. (2025) Prevalence and predictors of medical information avoidance: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Annals of behavioral medicine : a publication of the Society of Behavioral Medicine*, 59(1).

Alotaibi TF, et al. (2025) Depression or anxiety disorder moderates the relationship between smoking status and e-cigarette use status: a cross-sectional study. *BMC public health*, 25(1), 3663.

Wiseman KP, et al. (2025) Associations Between Beliefs About Cancer and Alcohol Use Among Cancer Survivors: A US Representative Cross-Sectional Survey. *Psycho-oncology*, 34(11), e70329.

Mahmood A, et al. (2025) Caregiving responsibility and psychological distress among community-dwelling cancer survivors in the United States. *Supportive care in cancer : official journal of the Multinational Association of Supportive Care in Cancer*, 33(2), 75.

Mavadiya H, et al. (2025) Diet-related awareness and behaviours in cancer survivors compared with non-cancer individuals: a pooled analysis of the HINTS study. *Public health nutrition*, 28(1), e102.

Ye JF, et al. (2025) How do electronic personal health information technologies enhance obesity prevention behaviors? Examining the roles of obesity risk perception and body weight. *BMC public health*, 25(1), 1155.

Zheng Y, et al. (2025) Effect of E-Health Use on Cancer Screening Mediated Through Cancer Worry and Fatalism: A Cross-Sectional Study of Older Adults. *Cancer control : journal of the Moffitt Cancer Center*, 32, 10732748251355831.

Langford AT, et al. (2025) Correlates of patient-centered discussions on colorectal cancer screening: results from the health information national trends survey (HINTS). *Cancer causes & control : CCC*, 36(12), 1615.

Swoboda CM, et al. (2025) Beliefs about the effects of health behaviors on cancer risk: findings from the 2022 Health Information National Trends Survey. *Cancer causes & control : CCC*, 36(11), 1599.

Commaroto S, et al. (2024) Racial and ethnic disparities in knowledge, attitudes, and invitation to participate in clinical trials among cancer survivors in the United States: An analysis of the 2020 U.S. HINTS. *Preventive medicine reports*, 37, 102564.

Perrodin-Njoku EC, et al. (2024) Cancer Worry and Fatalism at the Intersection of Race and Hearing Status. *Cancer control : journal of the Moffitt Cancer Center*, 31, 10732748241291615.

Stimpson JP, et al. (2024) Belief that Progress has Been Made in Curing Cancer Varies by Perception of Social Media Health Mis- and Disinformation, Education, Frequency of Social Media Use, and Healthcare System Trust: A Cross-Sectional Study. *Cancer control : journal of the Moffitt Cancer Center*, 31, 10732748241289259.

Hong YR, et al. (2024) Telehealth service use and quality of care among US adults with diabetes: A cross-sectional study of the 2022 health information national trends survey. *BMJ open*, 14(10), e086418.

Padamsee TJ, et al. (2024) Risk-management decision-making data from a community-based sample of racially diverse women at high risk of breast cancer: rationale, methods, and sample characteristics of the Daughter Sister Mother Project survey. *Breast cancer research : BCR*, 26(1), 8.

Ye JF, et al. (2024) Turning to digital: Examining the relationship between offline healthcare barriers and U.S. older adults' emotional well-being via online patient-provider communication and perceived quality of care (2017-2020). *Preventive medicine reports*, 47, 102885.

Lai YK, et al. (2024) Internet-based eHealth technology for emotional well-being among the older adults with a family cancer history: full mediation effects of health information self-efficacy and cancer fatalism. *BMC psychology*, 12(1), 232.

Perrodin-Njoku E, et al. (2024) Exploring the Interplay of Diabetes, Deaf Patient Reported Outcomes, and Cancer Screening in Deaf and Hard of Hearing Women. *International journal of women's health*, 16, 1235.

Curro II, et al. (2024) Cancer Screening, Knowledge, and Fatalism among Chinese, Korean, and South Asian Residents of New York City. *Cancer epidemiology, biomarkers & prevention : a publication of the American Association for Cancer Research, cosponsored by the American Society of Preventive Oncology*, 33(11), 1475.