

Resource Summary Report

Generated by T1D on Aug 10, 2026

New York University School of Medicine Langone Cytometry and Cell Sorting Core Facility

RRID:SCR_018827

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

New York University School of Medicine Langone Cytometry and Cell Sorting Core Facility (RRID:SCR_018827)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.med.nyu.edu/ocs/cytometry-and-cell-sorting-core>

Proper Citation: New York University School of Medicine Langone Cytometry and Cell Sorting Core Facility (RRID:SCR_018827)

Description: Facility provides cytometry and cell sorting services. Services include immunophenotyping, cell cycle analysis, and intracellular fluorophore detection. Services can be tailored to research needs, certified cytometrists are available to help plan experiments. Offers online and hands-on training in use of cell analyzers and analysis software.

Synonyms: New York University Cytometry and Cell Sorting Laboratory, Cytometry and Cell Sorting Laboratory

Resource Type: core facility, service resource, access service resource

Keywords: USEDit, flow cytometry service, cell sorting service, immunophenotyping, cell cycle analysis, intracellular fluorophore detection, , ABRF, ABRF

Funding: NCI P30 CA016087

Availability: Open

Resource Name: New York University School of Medicine Langone Cytometry and Cell Sorting Core Facility

Resource ID: SCR_018827

Alternate IDs: ABRF_762

Alternate URLs: <https://coremarketplace.org/?FacilityID=762>

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080342+0000

Record Last Update: 20260810T040718+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for New York University School of Medicine Langone Cytometry and Cell Sorting Core Facility.

No alerts have been found for New York University School of Medicine Langone Cytometry and Cell Sorting Core Facility.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 1 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [T1D](#) .

Watson LA, et al. (2026) Persistent and transient senescent cells contribute to brain-barrier development. Cell, 189(14), 4295.