

Resource Summary Report

Generated by T1D on Jul 31, 2026

University of Puerto Rico Caribbean Primate Research Center

RRID:SCR_021920

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

University of Puerto Rico Caribbean Primate Research Center (RRID:SCR_021920)

Resource Information

URL: <http://cprc.rcm.upr.edu/?q=node/117>

Proper Citation: University of Puerto Rico Caribbean Primate Research Center (RRID:SCR_021920)

Description: Facilitates supply of conventional and specific pathogen free nonhuman primates and biological samples. Priority is given to NIH-funded investigators in universities, NIH Intramural Program, and contractors working on behalf of researchers conducting experiments under NIH-funded programs. Non-NIH-funded investigators may still be considered depending on resource availability. To request for CPRC animals, authorized representative of institution will need to submit Animal Allocation Request form.

Abbreviations: CPRC

Synonyms: University of Puerto Rico Caribbean Primate Research Center Resource Distribution Core

Resource Type: organism supplier, biomaterial supply resource, material resource

Keywords: CPRC Resource Distribution, rhesus macaques, nonhuman primates supply, biological samples supply, resource distribution, Conventional and Specific Pathogen Free nonhuman primates

Availability: Restricted

Resource Name: University of Puerto Rico Caribbean Primate Research Center

Resource ID: SCR_021920

Record Creation Time: 20220421T050137+0000

Record Last Update: 20260729T044535+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for University of Puerto Rico Caribbean Primate Research Center.

No alerts have been found for University of Puerto Rico Caribbean Primate Research Center.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 76 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [T1D](#).

Guatelli-Steinberg D, et al. (2025) Revisiting Linear Enamel Hypoplasia in Cayo Santiago Rhesus Macaques (*Macaca mulatta*): How a Stress Marker Relates to Environment and Maternal Lineage in a Rare Rhesus Colony With Known Life History. *American journal of primatology*, 87(2), e23692.

Freudiger A, et al. (2025) Estimating realized relatedness in free-ranging macaques by inferring identity-by-descent segments. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, 122(3), e2401106122.

Mandalaywala TM, et al. (2025) Threat perception and behavioral reactivity in response to an acute stressor in infant rhesus macaques. *Acta psychologica*, 252, 104647.

Kluge K, et al. (2025) Imaging and outcome correlates of ctDNA methylation markers in prostate cancer: a comparative, cross-sectional [⁶⁸Ga]Ga-PSMA-11 PET/CT study. *Clinical epigenetics*, 17(1), 36.

Shirinyfard Pilehrood K, et al. (2025) Elevated risk of possible sarcopenia and weak muscle strength with higher dietary inflammatory index in Iranian breast cancer survivors: a cross-sectional study. *BMC nutrition*, 11(1), 5.

Widdig A, et al. (2025) Assessing Variance in Male Reproductive Skew Based on Long-Term Data in Free-Ranging Rhesus Macaques. *American journal of primatology*, 87(2), e23687.

Freudiger A, et al. (2024) Taking identity-by-descent analysis into the wild: Estimating realized relatedness in free-ranging macaques. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.

Pavez-Fox MA, et al. (2024) Socioecological drivers of injuries in female and male rhesus macaques (*Macaca mulatta*). *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.

Zhang W, et al. (2024) Computational drug discovery pipelines identify NAMPT as a therapeutic target in neuroendocrine prostate cancer. *Clinical and translational science*,

17(9), e70030.

Alexopoulos P, et al. (2024) Lamina Cribrosa Microstructure in Nonhuman Primates With Naturally Occurring Peripapillary Retinal Nerve Fiber Layer Thinning. *Translational vision science & technology*, 13(9), 23.

Chen R, et al. (2024) Crater-Spectrum Feature Fusion Method for *Panax notoginseng* Cadmium Detection Using Laser-Induced Breakdown Spectroscopy. *Foods (Basel, Switzerland)*, 13(7).

Jiang W, et al. (2024) High replacement of soybean meal by different types of rapeseed meal is detrimental to rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) growth, antioxidant capacity, non-specific immunity and *Aeromonas hydrophila* tolerance. *Frontiers in nutrition*, 11, 1363411.

Shore ND, et al. (2024) Efficacy and Safety of Darolutamide in Combination With Androgen-Deprivation Therapy and Docetaxel in Black Patients From the Randomized ARASENS Trial. *The oncologist*, 29(3), 235.

Burke KC, et al. (2024) Associations between fecal glucocorticoid levels and social bonds vary with relatedness in juvenile rhesus macaques. *Scientific reports*, 14(1), 30966.

Chiou KL, et al. (2023) A single-cell multi-omic atlas spanning the adult rhesus macaque brain. *Science advances*, 9(41), eadh1914.

Fernandes AG, et al. (2023) Age-Related Differences in Ocular Features of a Naturalistic Free-Ranging Population of Rhesus Macaques. *Investigative ophthalmology & visual science*, 64(7), 3.

Young E, et al. (2023) A live dengue virus vaccine carrying a chimeric envelope glycoprotein elicits dual DENV2-DENV4 serotype-specific immunity. *Nature communications*, 14(1), 1371.

Pan C, et al. (2023) Identifying Patients With Rapid Progression From Hormone-Sensitive to Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer: A Retrospective Study. *Molecular & cellular proteomics : MCP*, 22(9), 100613.

Gonzalez OA, et al. (2023) DAMPs and alarmin gene expression patterns in aging healthy and diseased mucosal tissues. *Frontiers in oral health*, 4, 1320083.

Patterson SK, et al. (2023) Early life adversity has sex-dependent effects on survival across the lifespan in rhesus macaques. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.