

Resource Summary Report

Generated by T1D on Aug 5, 2026

OHSU Proteomics Shared Resource Core Facility

RRID:SCR_009991

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

OHSU Proteomics Shared Resource Core Facility (RRID:SCR_009991)

Resource Information

URL: <https://www.ohsu.edu/proteomics-shared-resource>

Proper Citation: OHSU Proteomics Shared Resource Core Facility (RRID:SCR_009991)

Description: Core facility that provides the following services: Protein identification and partial sequencing, Determination of whole protein mass, Targeted SRM analysis of known proteins, Protein quantitation assay, Gel electrophoresis. The OHSU Proteomics Shared Resource facility was established to make state-of-the-art mass spectrometry based protein analysis analytical capabilities available to the biomedical research community at OHSU.

Synonyms: OHSU Proteomics Shared Resource Core Laboratory

Resource Type: access service resource, core facility, service resource

Keywords: ABRF, USEDit, partial protein sequencing, protein identification, protein mass determination by mass spectrometry, multiple reaction monitoring, protein quantitation assay, electrophoresis

Resource Name: OHSU Proteomics Shared Resource Core Facility

Resource ID: SCR_009991

Alternate IDs: nlx_156459

Old URLs: <http://ohsu.eagle-i.net/i/0000012a-24ff-d2af-d994-629180000000>

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080256+0000

Record Last Update: 20260805T044232+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for OHSU Proteomics Shared Resource Core Facility.

No alerts have been found for OHSU Proteomics Shared Resource Core Facility.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 2 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [T1D](#) .

Yang Y, et al. (2025) GNL3 SUMOylation is essential for DNA double-strand break repair by homologous recombination. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Collins HY, et al. (2025) FBXW7 regulates MYRF levels to control myelin capacity and homeostasis in the adult central nervous system. Nature communications, 16(1), 7822.