

Resource Summary Report

Generated by T1D on Aug 9, 2026

Korea National Institute of Health

RRID:SCR_001959

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

Korea National Institute of Health (RRID:SCR_001959)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.nih.go.kr/NIH/eng/main.jsp>

Proper Citation: Korea National Institute of Health (RRID:SCR_001959)

Description: Institute dedicated to medical research to improve biomedical innovation and public health in South Korea.

Abbreviations: KNIH

Synonyms: Korea NIH

Resource Type: institution

Keywords: health research institute, south korea

Availability: THIS RESOURCE IS NO LONGER IN SERVICE

Resource Name: Korea National Institute of Health

Resource ID: SCR_001959

Alternate IDs: grid.415482.e, nlx_156100, ISNI: 0000 0004 0647 4899, Crossref funder ID: 501100003653

Alternate URLs: <https://ror.org/00qdsfq65>

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080210+0000

Record Last Update: 20260808T185746+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Korea National Institute of Health.

No alerts have been found for Korea National Institute of Health.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 13 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [T1D](#).

Lee YH, et al. (2026) Molecular and Phenotypic Characterization of Multidrug-Resistant *Aspergillus fumigatus* Clinical Isolates in Republic of Korea. *Journal of fungi* (Basel, Switzerland), 12(5).

Lee EJ, et al. (2023) Comparison of the Concordance of Allergic Diseases between Monozygotic and Dizygotic Twins: A Cross-Sectional Study Using KoGES HTS Data. *Journal of personalized medicine*, 13(5).

Choi HG, et al. (2022) Comparison of Concordance of Peptic Ulcer Disease, Non-Adenomatous Intestinal Polyp, and Gallstone Disease in Korean Monozygotic and Dizygotic Twins: A Cross-Sectional Study. *International journal of environmental research and public health*, 19(19).

Kim H, et al. (2021) Causal relationship between the timing of menarche and young adult body mass index with consideration to a trend of consistently decreasing age at menarche. *PloS one*, 16(2), e0247757.

Kim HK, et al. (2019) Association of BUD13-ZNF259-APOA5-APOA1-SIK3 cluster polymorphism in 11q23.3 and structure of APOA5 with increased plasma triglyceride levels in a Korean population. *Scientific reports*, 9(1), 8296.

Lee JW, et al. (2018) The product of fasting plasma glucose and triglycerides improves risk prediction of type 2 diabetes in middle-aged Koreans. *BMC endocrine disorders*, 18(1), 33.

Hwang M, et al. (2017) Association Between Health Behaviors and Family History of Cancer in Cancer Survivors: Data From the Korean Genome and Epidemiology Study. *Journal of cancer prevention*, 22(3), 166.

Kim Y, et al. (2017) Cohort Profile: The Korean Genome and Epidemiology Study (KoGES) Consortium. *International journal of epidemiology*, 46(2), e20.

So R, et al. (2016) The Association between Renal Hyperfiltration and the Sources of Habitual Protein Intake and Dietary Acid Load in a General Population with Preserved Renal Function: The KoGES Study. *PloS one*, 11(11), e0166495.

Park B, et al. (2016) Health Behaviors and Associated Sociodemographic Factors in Cervical Cancer Survivors Compared with Matched Non-Cancer Controls. *PloS one*, 11(8), e0160682.

Park B, et al. (2016) Oral Contraceptive Use, Micronutrient Deficiency, and Obesity among Premenopausal Females in Korea: The Necessity of Dietary Supplements and Food Intake Improvement. PloS one, 11(6), e0158177.

Hu HJ, et al. (2015) Obesity Alters the Microbial Community Profile in Korean Adolescents. PloS one, 10(7), e0134333.

Catherine C, et al. (2015) Cell-Free Expression and In Situ Immobilization of Parasite Proteins from *Clonorchis sinensis* for Rapid Identification of Antigenic Candidates. PloS one, 10(11), e0143597.