Resource Summary Report

Generated by T1D on Sep 1, 2026

ezDICOM

RRID:SCR_001686
Type: Tool

Proper Citation

ezDICOM (RRID:SCR_001686)

Resource Information

URL: https://people.cas.sc.edu/rorden/ezdicom/index.html

Proper Citation: ezDICOM (RRID:SCR_001686)

Description: Software designed to display most medical images, including MRI, CT, X-ray, and ultrasound. All versions of ezDICOM can automatically detect the format of a medical image and display it on the screen. The software is easy to use, mature, and can view a wide range of medical images including proprietary formats as well as images in the DICOM standard. The software will also automatically recognize and display Analyze, GE (LX, Genesis), Interfile, Siemens (Magnetom, Somatom) and NEMA images.

Synonyms: ezDICOM DICOM Viewer

Resource Type: data processing software, image analysis software, image processing software, software application, software resource, standalone software

Keywords: image processing, image analysis, open source, standalone software

Availability: Free, Available for download, Freely available

Resource Name: ezDICOM

Resource ID: SCR_001686

Alternate IDs: nif-0000-00296

License: BSD Open Source License

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080209+0000

Record Last Update: 20260829T182100+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for ezDICOM.

No alerts have been found for ezDICOM.

Data and Source Information

Source: SciCrunch Registry

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 3 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at T1D .

Zong L, et al. (2016) Kidney function is associated with severity of white matter hyperintensity in patients with acute ischemic stroke/TIA. BMC neurology, 16(1), 193.

Walsh WR, et al. (2016) Does PEEK/HA Enhance Bone Formation Compared With PEEK in a Sheep Cervical Fusion Model? Clinical orthopaedics and related research, 474(11), 2364.

Bogaert E, et al. (2009) Does digital flat detector technology tip the scale towards better image quality or reduced patient dose in interventional cardiology? European journal of radiology, 72(2), 348.