

Resource Summary Report

Generated by T1D on Aug 2, 2026

PubMed Health

RRID:SCR_000512

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

PubMed Health (RRID:SCR_000512)

Resource Information

URL: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmedhealth/>

Proper Citation: PubMed Health (RRID:SCR_000512)

Description: THIS RESOURCE IS NO LONGER IN SERVICE. Documented on September 9, 2022. A consumer health database that provides up-to-date information on diseases, conditions, injuries, drugs, supplements, treatment options, and healthy living, with a special focus on comparative effectiveness research from institutions around the world. PubMed Health includes * consumer guides summarizing comparative effectiveness research * fact sheets on diseases and conditions * information on drugs and supplements * encyclopedic overviews of health topics * links to external Web sites PubMed Health has a special focus on comparative effectiveness research, in particular that research which evaluates the available evidence of the benefits and harms of different treatment options for different groups of people. In Comparative Effectiveness Research, experts often synthesize the evidence from dozens, or even hundreds, of individual studies.

Abbreviations: PubMed Health

Synonyms: Pub Med Health

Resource Type: database, data or information resource

Keywords: health, disease, condition, injury, drug, supplement, treatment, healthy living, comparative effectiveness, research

Availability: THIS RESOURCE IS NO LONGER IN SERVICE

Resource Name: PubMed Health

Resource ID: SCR_000512

Alternate IDs: nlx_32805

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080202+0000

Record Last Update: 20260803T040253+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for PubMed Health.

No alerts have been found for PubMed Health.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 6 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [T1D](#) .

Gorji-Bahri G, et al. (2021) RAB5A is associated with genes involved in exosome secretion: Integration of bioinformatics analysis and experimental validation. Journal of cellular biochemistry, 122(3-4), 425.

Meikis L, et al. (2021) Effects of Pilates Training on Physiological and Psychological Health Parameters in Healthy Older Adults and in Older Adults With Clinical Conditions Over 55 Years: A Meta-Analytical Review. Frontiers in neurology, 12, 724218.

Montaudi?? H, et al. (2016) Inherited epidermolysis bullosa and squamous cell carcinoma: a systematic review of 117 cases. Orphanet journal of rare diseases, 11(1), 117.

Khare R, et al. (2015) Scaling drug indication curation through crowdsourcing. Database : the journal of biological databases and curation, 2015.

Jamal QM, et al. (2015) PUBLIC HEALTH AND EPIDEMIOLOGICAL DATABASES FOR THE ENHANCEMENT OF MEDICAL EDUCATION. Online journal of public health informatics, 7(2), e217.

Sun J, et al. (2013) Characterization of schizophrenia adverse drug interactions through a network approach and drug classification. BioMed research international, 2013, 458989.