

# Resource Summary Report

Generated by [Kravitz](#) on Sep 10, 2026

## Computational Neuroanatomy Group

RRID:SCR\_007150

Type: Tool

### Proper Citation

Computational Neuroanatomy Group (RRID:SCR\_007150)

### Resource Information

**URL:** <http://krasnow1.gmu.edu/cn3/index3.html>

**Proper Citation:** Computational Neuroanatomy Group (RRID:SCR\_007150)

**Description:** Multidisciplinary research team devoted to the study of basic neuroscience with a specific interest in the description and generation of dendritic morphology, and in its effect on neuronal electrophysiology. In the long term, they seek to create large-scale, anatomically plausible neural networks to model entire portions of a mammalian brain (such as a hippocampal slice, or a cortical column). Achievements by the CNG include the development of software for the quantitative analysis of dendritic morphology, the implementation of computational models to simulate neuronal structure, and the synthesis of anatomically accurate, large scale neuronal assemblies in virtual reality. Based on biologically plausible rules and biophysical determinants, they have designed stochastic models that can generate realistic virtual neurons. Quantitative morphological analysis indicates that virtual neurons are statistically compatible with the real data that the model parameters are measured from. Virtual neurons can be generated within an appropriate anatomical context if a system level description of the surrounding tissue is included in the model. In order to simulate anatomically realistic neural networks, axons must be grown as well as dendrites. They have developed a navigation strategy for virtual axons in a voxel substrate.

**Abbreviations:** CNG

**Synonyms:** Computational Neuroanatomy Group at the Krasnow Institute for Advanced Study

**Resource Type:** data or information resource, portal, software resource, topical portal

**Keywords:** dendritic morphology, neuronal morphology, neuronal electrophysiology, mammalian brain, neural network, cell, model, morphology, network connectivity, basal ganglia, modeling software, hippocampus, hermissenda learning, caulescence, tree structure, neuron, virtual neural network, morphological class of neuron, virtual neuron, virtual brain, ca3 pyramidal cell, arborvitae, ca1 pyramidal cell, polymorphic cell, dg

granule cell, axonal navigation, synaptic connectivity, neuroplasticity, neuroanatomy, neuroinformatics, computation, network model, neural circuit, cellular event, expression, ca3, ca1 pyramidal neuron, digital morphological reconstruction, digital reconstruction, dendrite, axon, neuronal tree, signaling pathway

**Funding:** NINDS ;  
NIMH ;  
NSF ;  
Human Brain Project

**Resource Name:** Computational Neuroanatomy Group

**Resource ID:** SCR\_007150

**Alternate IDs:** nif-0000-00503

**Old URLs:** <http://krasnow.gmu.edu/cn3/index3.html>

**Record Creation Time:** 20220129T080240+0000

**Record Last Update:** 20260905T132607+0000

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## Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Computational Neuroanatomy Group.

No alerts have been found for Computational Neuroanatomy Group.

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## Data and Source Information

**Source:** [SciCrunch Registry](#)

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## Usage and Citation Metrics

We have not found any literature mentions for this resource.