

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [Kravitz](#) on Sep 10, 2026

[miRNAMap](#)

RRID:SCR_003156

Type: Tool

Proper Citation

miRNAMap (RRID:SCR_003156)

Resource Information

URL: <http://mirnamap.mbc.nctu.edu.tw>

Proper Citation: miRNAMap (RRID:SCR_003156)

Description: A database of experimentally verified microRNAs and miRNA target genes in human, mouse, rat, and other metazoan genomes. In addition to known miRNA targets, three computational tools previously developed, such as miRanda, RNAhybrid and TargetScan, were applied for identifying miRNA targets in 3'-UTR of genes. In order to reduce the false positive prediction of miRNA targets, several criteria are supported for filtering the putative miRNA targets. Furthermore, miRNA expression profiles can provide valuable clues for investigating the properties of miRNAs, such tissue specificity and differential expression in cancer/normal cell. Therefore, we performed the Q-PCR experiments for monitoring the expression profiles of 224 human miRNAs in eighteen major normal tissues in human. The cross-reference between the miRNA expression profiles and the expression profiles of its target genes can provide effective viewpoint to understand the regulatory functions of the miRNA.

Abbreviations: miRNAMap

Resource Type: data or information resource, database

Defining Citation: [PMID:18029362](#), [PMID:16381831](#)

Keywords: microrna, genome, FASEB list

Availability: THIS RESOURCE IS NO LONGER IN SERVICE

Resource Name: miRNAMap

Resource ID: SCR_003156

Alternate IDs: OMICS_00408, nif-0000-03138

Record Creation Time: 20220129T080217+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for miRNAMap.

No alerts have been found for miRNAMap.

Data and Source Information

Source: [SciCrunch Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 251 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [Kravitz](#) .

Qiu S, et al. (2026) EGR1/miR-4306/MAT2A axis aggravates pyroptosis and extracellular matrix degradation of nucleus pulposus cells in intervertebral disc degeneration. Cell biology and toxicology, 42(1), 37.

Meng P, et al. (2026) The inhibitors of miR-224-5p, miR-339-5p, and miR-1198-5p improve auditory function by promoting the expression of neuritin in hearing loss mice. PloS one, 21(5), e0349821.

Zhu LL, et al. (2025) Plasma-Derived Small Extracellular Vesicles miR- 182 - 5p Is a Potential Biomarker for Diagnosing Major Depressive Disorder. Molecular neurobiology, 62(9), 11099.

Wusiman L, et al. (2025) Development and validation of a prognostic prediction model for gastric cancer based on lipophagy-related genes. Translational cancer research, 14(10), 6565.

Tout I, et al. (2025) The integrative genomic and functional immunological analyses of colorectal cancer initiating cells to modulate stemness properties and the susceptibility to immune responses. Journal of translational medicine, 23(1), 193.

Cheng J, et al. (2025) MiR- 146b-5p inhibits Candida albicans-induced inflammatory response through targeting HMGB1 in mouse primary peritoneal macrophages. Heliyon, 11(1), e41464.

Li T, et al. (2024) PMAIP1, a novel diagnostic and potential therapeutic biomarker in osteoporosis. Aging, 16(4), 3694.

Yan G, et al. (2024) Hsa_circ_0064636 regulates voltage dependent anion channel 1/ubiquitination factor E4A through miR?326/miR?503?5 in osteosarcoma. Oncology letters, 28(2), 374.

Yan H, et al. (2024) Gastric cancer cell-derived exosomal miRNA-128-3p promotes angiogenesis by targeting SASH1. *Frontiers in oncology*, 14, 1440996.

Rong X, et al. (2024) CircMEF2C(2, 3) modulates proliferation and adipogenesis of porcine intramuscular preadipocytes by miR-383/671-3p/MEF2C axis. *iScience*, 27(5), 109710.

Talluri B, et al. (2024) Adult zymosan re-exposure exacerbates the molecular alterations in the brainstem rostral ventromedial medulla of rats with early life zymosan-induced cystitis. *Neurobiology of pain (Cambridge, Mass.)*, 16, 100160.

Wang X, et al. (2023) Integrated aqueous humor ceRNA and miRNA-TF-mRNA network analysis reveals potential molecular mechanisms governing primary open-angle glaucoma pathogenesis. *Indian journal of ophthalmology*, 71(2), 553.

Ayaz H, et al. (2023) Mapping CircRNA-miRNA-mRNA regulatory axis identifies hsa_circ_0080942 and hsa_circ_0080135 as a potential theranostic agents for SARS-CoV-2 infection. *PloS one*, 18(4), e0283589.

El Bezawy R, et al. (2022) miR-550a-3p is a prognostic biomarker and exerts tumor-suppressive functions by targeting HSP90AA1 in diffuse malignant peritoneal mesothelioma. *Cancer gene therapy*, 29(10), 1394.

Zhang X, et al. (2022) Identification of serum MiRNAs as candidate biomarkers for non-small cell lung cancer diagnosis. *BMC pulmonary medicine*, 22(1), 479.

Tian D, et al. (2022) Tanshinone IIA protects against chronic obstructive pulmonary disease via exosome-shuttled miR-486-5p. *International journal of molecular medicine*, 50(1).

Yang J, et al. (2022) lncRNA SNHG15 Induced by SOX12 Promotes the Tumorigenic Properties and Chemoresistance in Cervical Cancer via the miR-4735-3p/HIF1a Pathway. *Oxidative medicine and cellular longevity*, 2022, 8548461.

Hromadnikova I, et al. (2021) Postnatal Expression Profile of MicroRNAs Associated with Cardiovascular Diseases in 3- to 11-Year-Old Preterm-Born Children. *Biomedicines*, 9(7).

Wang L, et al. (2021) CircWAC induces chemotherapeutic resistance in triple-negative breast cancer by targeting miR-142, upregulating WWP1 and activating the PI3K/AKT pathway. *Molecular cancer*, 20(1), 43.

Kern F, et al. (2021) Validation of human microRNA target pathways enables evaluation of target prediction tools. *Nucleic acids research*, 49(1), 127.