

# Resource Summary Report

Generated by ASWG on Aug 2, 2026

## NIMH Data Archive

RRID:SCR\_004434

Type: Tool

### Proper Citation

NIMH Data Archive (RRID:SCR\_004434)

### Resource Information

**URL:** <https://nda.nih.gov/>

**Proper Citation:** NIMH Data Archive (RRID:SCR\_004434)

**Description:** The National Institute of Mental Health Data Archive (NDA) makes available human subjects data collected from hundreds of research projects across many scientific domains. Research data repository for data sharing and collaboration among investigators. Used to accelerate scientific discovery through data sharing across all of mental health and other research communities, data harmonization and reporting of research results. Infrastructure created by National Database for Autism Research (NDAR), Research Domain Criteria Database (RDoCdb), National Database for Clinical Trials related to Mental Illness (NDCT), and NIH Pediatric MRI Repository (PedsMRI).

**Abbreviations:** NDA

**Synonyms:** NDAR, National Database for Autism Research, National Institute of Mental Health Data Archive, National Database for Autism Research (NDAR)

**Resource Type:** data or information resource, data repository, storage service resource, database, service resource

**Keywords:** afni brik, ascii, bshort, bfloat, connectome file format, cifti, clinical neuroinformatics, cor, dicom, imaging genomics, inc, minc2, nifti, os independent, philips par/rec, tex, vrml, phenotype, neuroimaging, genomic, gender, male, female, dti, fmri, mri, spectroscopy, eeg, microarray, snp, cnv, next-generation sequencing, gene regulation, gene expression, genotyping, pedigree, clinical assessment, FASEB list

**Related Condition:** Autism, Autism spectrum disorder, Asperger Syndrome, Normal control, Sibling control, Parental control, Fragile X syndrome

**Funding:** NIMH ;  
NINDS ;  
NIEHS ;

NICHD ;  
Center for Information Technology

**Availability:** Restricted

**Resource Name:** NIMH Data Archive

**Resource ID:** SCR\_004434

**Alternate IDs:** nlx\_143735, r3d100010717, r3d100012653

**Alternate URLs:** <http://www.nitrc.org/projects/ndarportal>, <https://data-archive.nimh.nih.gov/>, <https://doi.org/10.17616/R37K63>, <https://doi.org/10.17616/R3XV5P>

**Old URLs:** <http://ndar.nih.gov/>

**Record Creation Time:** 20220129T080224+0000

**Record Last Update:** 20260801T190241+0000

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## Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for NIMH Data Archive.

No alerts have been found for NIMH Data Archive.

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## Data and Source Information

**Source:** [SciCrunch Registry](#)

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## Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 291 mentions in open access literature.

**Listed below are recent publications.** The full list is available at [ASWG](#) .

Watson HJ, et al. (2026) Maladaptive Exercise in People With a Lifetime History of Eating Disorders: A Multicountry Observational Study. The International journal of eating disorders, 59(1), 190.

Fullard JF, et al. (2025) Population-scale cross-disorder atlas of the human prefrontal cortex at single-cell resolution. Scientific data, 12(1), 954.

Arpin DJ, et al. (2025) Fixel-Based Analysis of Diffusion Imaging as a Quantitative Marker of Disease State in Spinocerebellar Ataxia. Annals of clinical and translational neurology, 12(9), 1846.

Li J, et al. (2025) Development of areal-level individualized homologous functional parcellations in youth. Communications biology, 8(1), 1083.

Warren HC, et al. (2025) The BASic NeuroCognitive Continuum (BANCC): Delineation of dimensional and categorical features for etiological and treatment investigations of idiopathic psychosis. *Psychiatry and clinical neurosciences*, 79(11), 747.

Tomasi D, et al. (2025) Brain asymmetry and its association with inattention and heritability during neurodevelopment. *Translational psychiatry*, 15(1), 96.

Farina EA, et al. (2025) Shift in sex and age of individuals at a clinical high risk (CHR) for psychosis: relation to differences in recruitment methods and effect on sample characteristics. *Schizophrenia (Heidelberg, Germany)*, 11(1), 123.

Kapadia A, et al. (2025) Hoarding Symptoms in Eating Disorders: An Observational Cross-Sectional Study. *The International journal of eating disorders*, 58(12), 2392.

Parker DA, et al. (2025) Differentiating biomarker features and familial characteristics of B-SNIP psychosis Biotypes. *Translational psychiatry*, 15(1), 281.

Zhi D, et al. (2025) Association of Adverse Prenatal Exposure Burden with Persistent Psychopathology and Accelerated Cortical Thinning in Youth. *medRxiv : the preprint server for health sciences*.

Zablocki RW, et al. (2025) A Bayesian Regularized and Annotation-Informed Integrative Analysis of Cognition (BRAINIAC). *Developmental cognitive neuroscience*, 74, 101569.

Jamison KW, et al. (2025) Krakencoder: a unified brain connectome translation and fusion tool. *Nature methods*, 22(7), 1583.

Ngo A, et al. (2025) ASSOCIATIONS BETWEEN EPILEPSY-RELATED POLYGENIC RISK AND BRAIN MORPHOLOGY IN CHILDHOOD. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.

Ganai UJ, et al. (2025) Autistic traits, psychosis proneness, and empathy in preadolescents: A network analysis. *Scientific reports*, 15(1), 37922.

Russell SE, et al. (2025) Pharmacotherapy in Comorbid Bipolar Disorder and Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder From the STEP-BD Cohort. *Bipolar disorders*, 27(2), 108.

Baranger DA, et al. (2025) Enhancing task fMRI individual difference research with neural signatures. *medRxiv : the preprint server for health sciences*.

Denis D, et al. (2025) Slow oscillation-sleep spindle coupling is associated with fear extinction retention in trauma-exposed individuals. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.

Byeon K, et al. (2025) Developmental Variations in Recurrent Spatiotemporal Brain Propagations from Childhood to Adulthood. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.

Dorfschmidt L, et al. (2025) Charting structural brain asymmetry across the human lifespan. *bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology*.

Petrican R, et al. (2025) Genetic risk predicts adolescent mood pathology via sexual differentiation of brain function and physiological aging. *Nature communications*, 16(1), 5593.