

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [ASWG](#) on Aug 15, 2026

Goat anti-Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L) Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ 488

RRID:AB_2535759

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

(Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# A-21110, RRID:AB_2535759)

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_2535759

Proper Citation: (Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat# A-21110, RRID:AB_2535759)

Target Antigen: Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L)

Host Organism: goat

Clonality: polyclonal secondary

Comments: Applications: ICC/IF, IHC, WB

Antibody Name: Goat anti-Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L) Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ 488

Description: This polyclonal secondary targets Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L)

Target Organism: hamster

Defining Citation: [PMID:19801523](#), [PMID:12682088](#), [PMID:22802630](#), [PMID:12477729](#), [PMID:21875872](#), [PMID:18347015](#), [PMID:23345421](#), [PMID:12096027](#)

Antibody ID: AB_2535759

Vendor: Thermo Fisher Scientific

Catalog Number: A-21110

Record Creation Time: 20251213T073332+0000

Record Last Update: 20260225T230511+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Goat anti-Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L) Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ 488.

No alerts have been found for Goat anti-Syrian Hamster IgG (H+L) Cross-Adsorbed Secondary Antibody, Alexa Fluor™ 488.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 15 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [ASWG](#) .

Alleyne D, et al. (2026) Distinct contributions of Etv2+ and Flk1+ progenitors to endothelial, hematopoietic, and cardiac lineages. Cell reports, 45(1), 116733.

Jacobs KA, et al. (2026) Autophagy maintains high endothelial venule identity and function during inflammation. Immunity.

Yu X, et al. (2025) The GIP receptor activates futile calcium cycling in white adipose tissue to increase energy expenditure and drive weight loss in mice. Cell metabolism, 37(1), 187.

Mattavelli G, et al. (2025) A TLR4-dependent fibroblast-monocyte axis in tumor-draining lymph nodes contributes to metastasis in triple-negative breast cancer. Immunity.

Wang MY, et al. (2024) Downregulation of the kidney glucagon receptor, essential for renal function and systemic homeostasis, contributes to chronic kidney disease. Cell metabolism, 36(3), 575.

Lingamallu SM, et al. (2024) Neuroepithelial bodies and terminal bronchioles are niches for distinctive club cells that repair the airways following acute notch inhibition. Cell reports, 43(9), 114654.

Franzolin G, et al. (2024) PlexinB1 Inactivation Reprograms Immune Cells in the Tumor Microenvironment, Inhibiting Breast Cancer Growth and Metastatic Dissemination. Cancer immunology research, 12(9), 1286.

He H, et al. (2023) PRDM3/16 Regulate Chromatin Accessibility Required for NKX2-1 Mediated Alveolar Epithelial Differentiation and Function. bioRxiv : the preprint server for biology.

Carraro C, et al. (2023) Chromatin accessibility profiling of targeted cell populations with laser capture microdissection coupled to ATAC-seq. Cell reports methods, 3(10), 100598.

Bochter MS, et al. (2022) Lfng and Dll3 cooperate to modulate protein interactions in cis and coordinate oscillatory Notch pathway activation in the segmentation clock. Developmental biology, 487, 42.

Hua Y, et al. (2022) Cancer immunotherapies transition endothelial cells into HEVs that generate TCF1+ T lymphocyte niches through a feed-forward loop. *Cancer cell*, 40(12), 1600.

Aggarwal N, et al. (2021) Secreted osteopontin from CD4+ T cells limits acute graft-versus-host disease. *Cell reports*, 37(13), 110170.

Campbell SA, et al. (2019) TrxG Complex Catalytic and Non-catalytic Activity Play Distinct Roles in Pancreas Progenitor Specification and Differentiation. *Cell reports*, 28(7), 1830.

Camara A, et al. (2019) Lymph Node Mesenchymal and Endothelial Stromal Cells Cooperate via the RANK-RANKL Cytokine Axis to Shape the Sinusoidal Macrophage Niche. *Immunity*, 50(6), 1467.

Halova I, et al. (2018) The transmembrane adaptor protein NTAL limits mast cell chemotaxis toward prostaglandin E2. *Science signaling*, 11(556).