

Resource Summary Report

Generated by [ASWG](#) on Sep 2, 2026

Anti-Neurofilament H (200 kDa), lysine-serine-proline repeat

RRID:AB_91203

Type: Antibody

Proper Citation

Millipore Cat# AB1991, RRID:AB_91203

Antibody Information

URL: http://antibodyregistry.org/AB_91203

Proper Citation: Millipore Cat# AB1991, RRID:AB_91203

Target Antigen: Neurofilament H (200 kDa) lysine-serine-proline repeat

Host Organism: rabbit

Clonality: polyclonal

Comments: seller recommendations: IH(P), WB, IH; Immunohistochemistry; Western Blot

Antibody Name: Anti-Neurofilament H (200 kDa), lysine-serine-proline repeat

Description: This polyclonal targets Neurofilament H (200 kDa) lysine-serine-proline repeat

Target Organism: chickenbird, ma, av, rp

Defining Citation: [PMID:20034058](#)

Antibody ID: AB_91203

Vendor: Millipore

Catalog Number: AB1991

Record Creation Time: 20250820T013434+0000

Record Last Update: 20250820T111739+0000

Ratings and Alerts

No rating or validation information has been found for Anti-Neurofilament H (200 kDa), lysine-serine-proline repeat.

No alerts have been found for Anti-Neurofilament H (200 kDa), lysine-serine-proline repeat.

Data and Source Information

Source: [Antibody Registry](#)

Usage and Citation Metrics

We found 4 mentions in open access literature.

Listed below are recent publications. The full list is available at [ASWG](#) .

Qin Y, et al. (2024) TRIM37 is a primate-specific E3 ligase for Huntingtin and accounts for the striatal degeneration in Huntington's disease. Science advances, 10(20), eadl2036.

De Cicco T, et al. (2024) Cortactin interacts with ?Dystrobrevin-1 and regulates murine neuromuscular junction morphology. European journal of cell biology, 103(2), 151409.

Härönen H, et al. (2019) Correct expression and localization of collagen XIII are crucial for the normal formation and function of the neuromuscular system. The European journal of neuroscience, 49(11), 1491.

Singh I, et al. (2018) Combination therapy of lovastatin and AMP-activated protein kinase activator improves mitochondrial and peroxisomal functions and clinical disease in experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis model. Immunology, 154(3), 434.